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BS476: Part 21 Fire Resistance Tests

Summary of Data Obtained During Tests on Flange Plated Slim Floor Beams

Swinden Laboratories Moorgate Rotherham, S60 3AR

Telephone: (0709) 820166 Telefax: (0709) 825337



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SUMMARY

BS476:PART 21 FIRE RESISTANCE TESTS

SUMMARY OF DATA OBTAINED DURING TESTS ON FLANGE PLATED SLIM FLOOR BEAMS

D. E. Wainman

During the four years 1989-1992 the Sections Commercial Division of British Steel has sponsored more than thirty standard fire resistance tests on hot rolled structural steel sections. The range of systems / component configurations investigated in these tests has been much wider than in preceding years. Data arising from the tests are being summarised in a series of reports, each one dealing with either a different form of construction or generic group of test assemblies.

This is the first report issued as part of that series. It contains detailed descriptions of the design, instrumentation and construction for each of eight flange plated slim floor beams, together with the data arising from them.

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British Steel Technical Swinden Laboratories, Moorgate,

Rotherham S60 3AR

Telephone: (0709) 820166 Telefax; (0709) 825337 Cover Pages: 1
Text Pages: 14
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INITIAL CIRCULATION

COMMERCIAL

Commercial Office -Structural Sections

Mr J. Dowling

Mr J. Robinson (50 Copies)

British Steel Technical HQ

Dr R. Baker, Director Research & Development

Swinden Laboratories

Mr G. Banks

Mr T. R. Kay

Dr B. R. Kirby

Dr D. J. Latham

Dr M. J. May

Mr L. N. Tomlinson

Mr P. E. Wells

Library

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BS476:PART 21 FIRE RESISTANCE TESTS

SUMMARY OF DATA OBTAINED DURING TESTS ON FLANGE PLATED SLIM FLOOR BEAMS

1. INTRODUCTION

In 1987 and 1988 research staff based at the Swinden Laboratories of British Steel Technical prepared and published two Compendia^(1,2) in which data obtained from standard fire resistance tests were summarised. These documents covered all the British Steel sponsored fire tests which had been carried out in the UK since 1979 according to the requirements of either BS476:Part 8:1972, or the later revision, BS476:Parts 20/21:1987. Only tests on hot rolled structural steel sections in which the test members were completely unprotected, or were partially protected by materials used only in the fabric of the structure, such as concrete, brick and blockwork, were included. Taking the two documents together, details were given for a total of 62 full scale tests plus a further 31 separate indicative, i.e. unloaded, specimens.

Since the publication of the second compendium a further 40 full scale fire resistance tests have been carried out. The range of systems / component configurations which have been investigated in these tests has been much wider than in the preceding years and has included, for example, tests on:-

- 8 flange plated slim floor beams, (of which 7 were loaded and one was a full length indicative).
- 4 shelf angle floor beams, (of various types).
- 5 composite metal deck floors, (of various types).
- 6 pairs of beam / beam and beam / column connection assemblies.
- 4 composite columns with concrete infill between the flanges.
- 1 column with blockwork infill between the flanges.

Plus, amongst others, three tests on concrete filled circular hollow sections, two lattice girders formed from square hollow sections, an arched metal deck floor and two fully protected beams. Brief details of all these tests can be found in a recent Technical Note⁽³⁾. Tests have also been carried out on a number of indicative specimens. These were usually small assemblies which were included in the furnace alongside a full length member, though in some cases they were themselves full scale assemblies.

Much of the data generated from the individual test programmes have already been used extensively by co-workers in other organisations, and in particular by the Steel Construction Institute, (SCI), for the preparation of Design Guides covering various forms of construction^(4,5,6). There is, however, a need to document the test configurations and data in more detail than is usually given in such publications. Having regard to the variety and complexity of the systems examined during the last four years it has been deemed impractical to attempt to present the data for all of them in one document at the present time. It has therefore been proposed that a series of reports should be prepared, each one dealing with either a different form of construction or generic group of test assemblies, and that these will eventually be combined to form a third compendium.

This is the first report issued as part of that series. It contains detailed descriptions of the design, instrumentation and construction for each of the eight flange plated slim floor beams, together with the data arising from them which are included in an Appendix. The data are presented in a format which is generally consistent with that introduced in the previous compendia. No analyses of the data are included since these are currently being incorporated into other publications dealing with design aspects of this form of construction. The numerical sequence of the data sheets has been maintained, those in this document being numbered from 99 to 106 inclusive. As in the previous compendia, the thermal data are reduced to a summary at various time increments. It should be noted, however, that in the Autumn of

1990 an improved data logging system was commissioned. Its introduction has provided a facility whereby all the thermal data, usually recorded at one minute intervals, can be made available on PC disks. These may be obtained, on request, from British Steel Technical, Swinden Laboratories.

As before, the fire tests reported here form part of an ongoing research programme concerned with the evaluation and prediction of the performance of constructional steelwork in fire. Readers are therefore reminded to exercise caution when using any single test result and not to take it out of context with data for other tests of a similar nature.

2. CHANGES TO STANDARDS

The following changes to British Standards have occurred since the publication of the previous compendia.

2.1 BS4360:1986 'Weldable Structural Steels'

This standard was withdrawn with effect from March 30th 1990. The parts of BS4360 pertaining to hot rolled sections and plates were replaced from that date by EN10025 'Hot Rolled Products of Non-Alloy Structural Steels - Technical Delivery Conditions'. BS EN10025:1990 is the English language version of that standard. The specification requirements for those products and grades not within the scope of EN10025 have been simultaneously republished unchanged as BS4360:1990

As far as the present work is concerned it should be noted that, since all the tests were carried out after March 30th 1990, steel quality BS4360:Grade 43A should now be referred to as BS EN10025:1990 Grade Fe 430 A. However, this grade only appears in the UK edition of the standard under the heading 'Non Conflicting National Additions'. Similarly, steel quality BS4360:Grade 50B should now be referred to as BS EN10025:1990:Grade Fe 510 B.

The requirements of the two specifications are compared in Tables 1 and 2. A detailed comparison of the two standards is given in Reference 7.

2.2 BS476:Parts 20/21:1987

No changes have been made to this standard during the period covered by this report. However, discussions are ongoing concerning certain aspects of the standard fire test procedures.

3. FIRE TESTS ON SIMPLY SUPPORTED SLIM FLOOR BEAMS

In this section details are given for tests performed on seven loaded and one indicative slim floor beam assemblies. All the tests were carried out in accordance with the requirements of BS476:Parts 20/21:1987 at the Warrington Fire Research Centre, (WFRC), between September 1990 and November 1992. The major features of the tests are summarised in Table 3.

Details describing fire resistance tests on simply supported floor beams were given in the two previous compendia and it is not, therefore, proposed to cover these items again in the present report.

The design and preparation of the eight assemblies are described individually in the following sections. A number of features are, however, common to all of them and these are described here.

3.1 Features Common to all Test Assemblies

3.1.1 Steel Quality

Unless specifically indicated to the contrary, all the steel members used in the construction of the test assemblies were manufactured by British Steel and were supplied to the requirements of BS EN10025:1990 Grades Fe 430 A or Fe 510 B. Details of their chemical compositions and mechanical properties are included in the appropriate Data Sheets in Appendix 1.

3.1.2 Dimensions and Section Properties

The nominal dimensions and section properties, as specified in BS4:Part 1:1980, for the steel members used in the construction of the test assemblies are included in the Data Sheets. The actual dimensions of the members are also given, together with their calculated section properties. The loads to be applied to the various assemblies were calculated on the basis of nominal dimensions and section properties for the steel members concerned. These initial calculations were subsequently repeated to take account of the actual dimensions, mechanical and physical properties of all the materials involved in the construction. Loading calculations for each of the seven assemblies are summarised in Appendix 2.

3.1.3 Structural Calculations

In Compendium No. 1 the load calculations were based upon the generation of the required stresses in the members using the design rules given in BS449. Compendium No. 2 was published following the introduction of the new limit state design philosophy and the calculated loads were also presented in terms of BS5950. However, because it is impossible to know how a member will be used in practice, the factored loads cannot be defined and therefore the loads calculated using BS449 were presented as a proportion of the members capacity. This is referred to as the load ratio and is given by:

 $LR = M_f / M_c$

Where

 M_f = the applied moment at the fire limit state

and $M_c =$ the moment capacity at 20°C.

In calculating M_c , the design strength, p_y , corresponding to the minimum guaranteed yield strength for the grade of steel, is normally used. However, for the purpose of evaluating the effect of load ratio on limiting temperature, the influence of variations in the strength of the as-received material can be diminished by adopting the measured yield strength for p_y . These have been determined from samples removed from the members under test.

3.1.4 Fabrication

All the test assemblies were formed from 5 metre long universal column sections and pieces of 15 mm thick plate. Steel quality for the two components was always the same. The sections were used as beams and the plate was attached so as to form an extension to the lower flange. The plate width was nominally 200 mm greater than that of the column flange and the two components were positioned such that equal amounts of steel protruded from both sides of the lower flange of the section. Welding was by the MMA process using 4 mm diameter basic coated, hydrogen controlled, general purpose welding rods. All welds were continuous 8 mm fillets.

3.1.5 Instrumentation

The assemblies were instrumented such that the temperatures attained by the steel section and plate could be recorded throughout the duration of the heating period. For this purpose 3 mm diameter mineral insulated 'K' type thermocouples, (Ni-Cr/Ni-Al), with insulated hot junctions and Inconel sheaths were used. These thermocouples were embedded to the mid-thickness position of the relevant steel section. Temperatures were also monitored in other parts of the assemblies, such as, for example, the concrete infill. The thermocouples used for these situations were again 'K' type but were usually formed from glass fibre covered Ni-Cr/Ni-Al conductors.

Provision was made for monitoring the vertical deflections of the test assemblies at the mid-span position. These measurements were made using a displacement transducer connected to the data logging facility. The data are included in the appropriate Data Sheets in Appendix 1.

3.1.6 Assembly

The test assemblies were positioned so as to form part of the test furnace roof. They were simply supported on a steel loading frame, lined with refractory cement, so as to give a total effective span between the roller supports of 4500 mm. This frame was supported on the outer walls of the gas fired furnace so that the length of beam actually exposed to the heating conditions of the test was 4000 mm.

3.1.7 Failure Criteria

In all cases the performance of the test assemblies was judged against the load bearing capacity criterion outlined in Section 5 of BS476:Part 21:1987. The maximum allowable deflection and the maximum allowable rate of deflection for the test assemblies, as specified by the standard, were calculated by SPAN/20 and (SPAN)²/9000 x D, respectively, where D is the measured depth of the section and plate, (non-composite construction), or the section, plate and concrete floor slab, (composite construction). The allowable rate of deflection criterion is not applicable until the deflection exceeds a value equal to SPAN/30. Since the span was fixed at 4500 mm the values of SPAN/20 and SPAN/30 were always 225 mm and 150 mm respectively.

3.1.8 Additional Data

In some cases heating of the test assembly continued beyond the time at which 'failure' was deemed to have occurred and the load removed from the beam. This was done to enable further data to be recorded concerning the heating rates of the various members of the assembly.

3.2 Loaded Test Assemblies

The following sections describe in greater detail aspects concerning the construction, instrumentation, and loading of seven test assemblies.

3.2.1 Test WFRC 50521

A non composite construction consisting of a universal column of serial size 254 x 254 mm x 107 kg/m and a steel plate 460 mm wide x 15 mm thick. Both the column and plate were Grade Fe 430 A material. The protruding sections of the bottom plate were used to support fourteen pre-cast reinforced concrete slabs which covered the entire roof area of the furnace. These were standard hollow cored 'TEMBO' slabs manufactured by Richard Lees Ltd., and were nominally 600 mm wide x 200 mm deep x 1500 mm in length, (see Fig. 1). Each slab had one solid end extending over a length of 250 mm, this end being situated adjacent to the web of the steel section. The gap between the concrete floor units and the web was filled with fine dry sand. The upper flange of the section was also covered with dry sand to a depth of approximately 25 mm to simulate the floor screed which would normally be used in site practice. The assembly is shown schematically in Fig. 2.

The thermocouple positions in the steelwork were as shown in Fig. 3, (longitudinal arrangement), and Figs. 4(a) to 4(g), (transverse arrangements).

A total imposed load of 388 kN was applied directly to the steel section at four points along its supported length and directly over the web. The rams were spaced at 875 mm intervals along the section length as shown in Fig. 5. Loading calculations are given in Appendix 2.1. These indicate that the load ratio for this system was 0.55.

Data for this test are summarised in Data Sheet No. 99.

3.2.2 Test WFRC 50522

A composite construction consisting of a universal column of serial size 203 x 203 mm x 86 kg/m and a steel plate 425 mm wide x 15 mm thick. Both the column and plate were Grade Fe 430 A material. Two rows of shear connectors were fixed to the top surface of the section using stud welding equipment. The connectors

were nominally 19 mm diameter x 100 mm long and were located at the quarter flange width positions at 200 mm centres along the full length of the section, (see Fig. 6). A concrete floor slab which encased the whole section, but which left the lower face of the plate exposed, was cast using a nominally Grade 35 bulk supplied concrete mix. The slab contained two layers of steel reinforcement in the material above the upper flange. The first was a prefabricated 200 mm square mesh composed of 7 mm diameter rods, (Type A193). The second comprised 12 mm diameter rods, (Type T12), laid at right angles to the column and spaced at 150 mm centres. Both were located at a height of approximately 40 mm above the top surface of the upper flange. The floor slab had overall nominal dimensions of 1700 mm width x 350 mm depth and was 4500 mm in length. The assembly is shown schematically in Fig. 7. In order to ensure that the fillet weld between the section and plate was sufficiently stressed the concrete above it was weakened by cutting two 20 mm deep x 6 mm wide grooves into it. These were situated approximately 60 mm from each of the flange tips and ran the full length of the concrete slab.

The thermocouple positions in the steelwork were as shown in Fig. 3, (longitudinal arrangement), and Figs. 4(a) to 4(g), (transverse arrangements). An additional ten thermocouples were used to monitor the temperatures in the head and at the mid-height of three of the shear connectors, (see Fig. 6), and at two positions close to the mid span of the section in each type of steel reinforcement. Fourteen thermocouples were also embedded in the concrete slab at the mid-span position during casting. The positions of these thermocouples are shown in Fig. 8. The data recorded by all the additional thermocouples are shown separately in Data Sheet No. 100C.

A total imposed load of 450 kN was applied to the system at eight positions on the concrete floor slab. The rams were spaced at 530 mm intervals along the section length and were positioned on either side of it at a distance of 700 mm from the centre line, (see Figs. 7 and 9). It was necessary to concentrate the load around the mid-span of the section in order to achieve the intended load ratio of 0.56. Loading calculations are given in Appendix 2.2 and these indicate that the actual load ratio achieved was 0.58.

Data for this test are summarised in Data Sheet No. 100.

3.2.3 Test WFRC 52896

A non composite construction consisting of a universal column of serial size $203 \times 203 \text{ mm} \times 60 \text{ kg/m}$ and a steel plate 405 mm wide x 15 mm thick. Both the column and plate were Grade Fe 430 A material. Web stiffeners formed from 15 mm thick plate, (also Grade Fe 430 A), were welded on both sides of the section at the mid-span and roller support positions, (see Fig. 10). The protruding sections of the bottom plate were used to support simulated concrete floor slabs made up from pre-cast dense concrete blocks each 440 mm long x 140 mm wide x 215 mm deep. The space remaining between these blocks and the web of the section was filled with fine dry sand up to half the depth of the web. The assembly is shown schematically in Fig. 11.

The thermocouple positions in the steelwork were as shown in Fig. 3, (longitudinal arrangement), and Figs. 4(a) to 4(g), (transverse arrangements). One additional thermocouple was placed in the sand infill at the mid-depth, mid-width position at the centre of the supported span.

The load was applied to both the steel section and the concrete blockwork. A total imposed load of 123.88 kN was applied directly to the steel section at two points situated 970 mm either side of the mid-span position and directly over the web. In addition a total imposed load of 44.88 kN was applied to the blockwork at four positions on each side of the section. Details of the loading arrangement are shown in Figs. 11 and 12. Loading calculations are given in Appendix 2.3 and indicate that the load ratio for this system was 0.516.

Data for this test are summarised in Data Sheet No. 101.

3.2.4 Test WFRC 52897

A non composite construction consisting of a universal column of serial size 254 x 254 mm x 73 kg/m and a steel plate 455 mm wide x 15 mm thick. Both the column and plate were Grade Fe 430 A material. The

web of the section was totally encased in nominally Grade 30 concrete. The protruding sections of the bottom plate were used to support simulated concrete floor slabs made up from pre-cast dense concrete blocks each 440 mm long x 140 mm wide x 215 mm deep. The assembly is shown schematically in Fig. 13.

The thermocouple positions in the steelwork were as shown in Fig. 3, (longitudinal arrangement), and Figs. 4(a) to 4(g), (transverse arrangements).

The load was applied to both the steel section and the concrete blockwork. A total imposed load of 173.6 kN was applied directly to the steel section at two points situated 1000 mm either side of the mid-span position and directly over the web. In addition a total imposed load of 70.4 kN was applied to the blockwork at four positions on each side of the section. Details of the loading arrangements are shown in Figs. 13 and 14. The loading calculations, as given in Appendix 2.4, indicate that the load ratio for this system was 0.457.

Data for this test are summarised in Data Sheet No. 102.

3.2.5 Test WFRC 51883

A non composite construction consisting of a universal column of serial size $305 \times 305 \text{ mm} \times 283 \text{ kg/m}$ and a steel plate 525 mm wide x 15 mm thick. Both the column and plate were Grade Fe 430 A material. Grade 30 concrete was cast between the flanges of the section up to half the web depth. The protruding sections of the bottom plate were used to support simulated concrete floor slabs made up from pre-cast dense concrete blocks, each 440 mm long x 140 mm wide x 215 mm deep. The assembly is shown schematically in Fig. 15.

The thermocouple positions in the steelwork were as shown in Fig. 16, (longitudinal arrangement), and Figs. 17(a) to 17(i), (transverse arrangements). The overall arrangement was very similar to that used on the previous four tests but included additional locations in the bottom plate, web and fillet weld, plus two locations in the air space, (cavity), between the in-situ concrete and the underside of the top flange. The thermocouple locations in the web of the section are shown in greater detail in Fig. 18. An additional eighteen thermocouples were embedded in the concrete at the time of casting, the positions of which are shown in Fig. 19. The data recorded by these thermocouples are shown separately in Data Sheet No. 103C.

The load was applied to both the steel section and the blockwork. A total imposed load of 170.2 kN was applied directly to the steel section at two points situated 970 mm either side of the mid-span position and directly over the web. In addition a total imposed load of 221 kN was applied to the blockwork at four positions on both sides of the section. Details of the loading arrangements are shown in Fig. 20. Loading calculations given in Appendix 2.5 indicate that the load ratio for this system was 0.188.

Data for this test are summarised in Data Sheet No. 103.

3.2.6 Test No. WFRC 54278

A non composite construction consisting of a universal column of serial size 152 x 152 mm x 30 kg/m and a steel plate 355 mm wide x 15 mm thick. Both the column and plate were Grade Fe 510 B material. Grade 30 concrete was cast between the flanges of the section up to half the web depth. The protruding sections of the bottom plate were used to support simulated concrete floor slabs made up from pre-cast dense concrete blocks each 440 mm long x 140 mm wide x 215 mm deep. The assembly is shown schematically in Fig. 21.

The thermocouple positions in the steelwork were as shown in Fig. 16, (longitudinal arrangement), and Figs. 17(a) to 17(i), (transverse arrangements). The thermocouple locations in the web of the section are shown in greater detail in Fig. 22. An additional eighteen thermocouples were embedded in the concrete at the time of casting, the positions of which are shown in Fig. 19. The data recorded by these thermocouples are shown separately in Data Sheet No. 104C.

The load was applied to both the steel section and the blockwork. A total imposed load of 37.4 kN was applied directly to the steel section at two points situated 970 mm either side of the mid-span position and

directly over the web. In addition a total imposed load of 39.6 kN was applied to the blockwork at four positions on both sides of the section. Details of the loading arrangements are shown in Figs. 23 and 24. The loading calculations, given in Appendix 2.6, indicate that the load ratio for this system was 0.434.

Data for this test are summarised in Data Sheet No. 104.

3.2.7 Test No. WFRC 56867

The test assembly consisted of a universal column of serial size 254 x 254 mm x 73 kg/m and a steel plate 460 mm wide x 15 mm thick. Both the column and plate were Grade Fe 430 A material. The protruding sections of the bottom plate were used to support a galvanised sheet steel profile referred to as '210 closure flashing', the form of which is illustrated in Fig. 25. This in turn supported a 210 mm deep metal deck floor profile produced by Precision Metal Forming Ltd., (PMF), on top of which was cast a nominally 1 metre wide x 90 mm thick concrete slab incorporating A142 reinforcing mesh. A special feature of the assembly was the inclusion of four 160 mm diameter ducts passing through the web of the section. Details of the assembly are shown schematically in Figs. 26 to 28, the latter of which is reproduced with the permission of PMF.

The assembly was designed and loaded on the basis that there would be no composite action between the steel and concrete components. It was appreciated however, that in practise a significant, (but uncertain), degree of longitudinal shear transfer, (section to slab), would occur.

The five principal thermocouple positions in the steelwork were as shown in Fig. 29, (longitudinal arrangement), and Figs. 30(a) to 30(d), (transverse arrangements). A further twelve thermocouples were located in the web and lower flange of the section, in the region between the two central service ducts. Thermocouples were also located at the geometric centres of both of these ducts. The longitudinal disposition of all the additional thermocouples is shown in Fig. 31 and transverse sections are shown in Figs. 32(a) to 32(d). Seven thermocouples were embedded in the concrete infill at the mid-span position during casting. Their positions are shown in Fig. 33. The data recorded by these thermocouples are shown separately in Data Sheet No. 105D.

A total imposed load of 300 kN was applied directly to the steel section at four points along its supported length and directly over the web. The rams were spaced at 1125 mm intervals along the section length as shown in Fig. 34. The loading calculations, given in Appendix 2.7, indicate that the load ratio for this system was 0.52.

Data for this test are summarised in Data Sheet No. 105.

3.3 Indicative Test Assembly

Data were obtained for one full length indicative slim floor beam, (Test No. WFRC 51884). In terms of construction the test assembly was identical in all respects to Test No. WFRC 54278, details of which have already been given in Section 3.2.6. It was initially loaded in the manner described for that test but difficulties arose during the course of the test which rendered the fire rating outcome questionable. The thermal data which were recorded are, however, perfectly valid and these, together with other relevant test data, are summarised in Data Sheet No. 106.

D. E. Wainman Investigator

D. M. Martin Manager Heavy Engineering and Design Department

D. J. Price Research Manager General Steel Products

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L.W.

COMPARISON BETWEEN BS4360:1986 AND BS EN10025:1990 SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE STEEL GRADES
USED IN THE FIRE RESISTANCE TESTS
(CHEMICAL ANALYSES) TABLE 1

	C % max.	Si % max.	Mn % max.	P % max.	S % max.	Nb % max.	V % max.	N % max.
BS4360:1986:Grade 43A Ladle Analysis Product Analysis	0.25	0.50	1.60	0.050	0.050		, ,	, ,
BS EN 10025:1990: Grade Fe 430 A Ladle Analysis Product Analysis	0.25 NOT (25 0.50 OT GIVEN	1.60	0.050	0.050	-	,	,
BS4360:1986:Grade 50B Ladle Analysis Product Analysis	0.20	0.50	1.50	0.050	0.050	0.10	0.10	•
BS EN10025:1990:Grade Fe 510 B Ladle Analysis Product Analysis	0.24	0.55	1.60	0.045	0.045			0.009

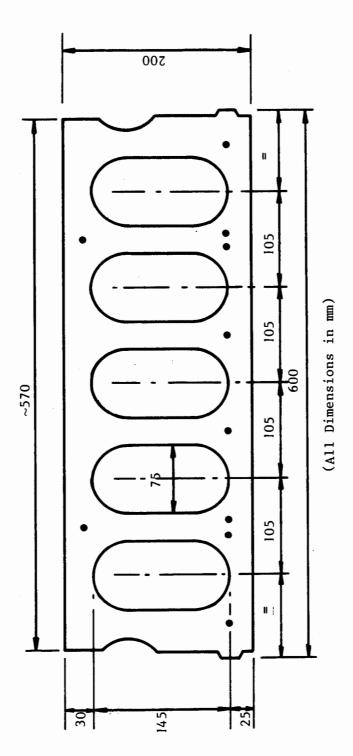
TABLE 2
COMPARISON BETWEEN BS4360:1986 AND BS EN10025:1990 SPECIFICATIONS FOR
THE STEEL GRADES USED IN THE FIRE RESISTANCE TESTS
(MECHANICAL PROPERTIES)

			. 42		
	Thickness Range mm	Minimum Yield Strength N/mm ²	Tensile Strength N/mm ²	Minimum % Elongation Lo = 5.65√So	
BS4360:1986 Grade 43A	≤16 >16 ≤40 >40 ≤63 >63 ≤100	275 265 255 245	430/580	} 22	
BS EN10025:1990 Grade Fe 430 A	≤3 >3 ≤16 >16 ≤40 >40 ≤63 >63 ≤80 >80 ≤100	<pre> 275 265 255 245 235</pre>	430/580	} 22	
BS4360:1986 Grade 50B	≤16 >16 ≤40 >40 ≤63 >63 ≤100	355 345 340 325	490/640	20	
BS EN10025:1990 Grade Fe 510 B	≤3 >3 ≤16 >16 ≤40 >40 ≤63 >63 ≤80 >80 ≤100	} 355 345 335 325 315	510/680	} 22 21 20	

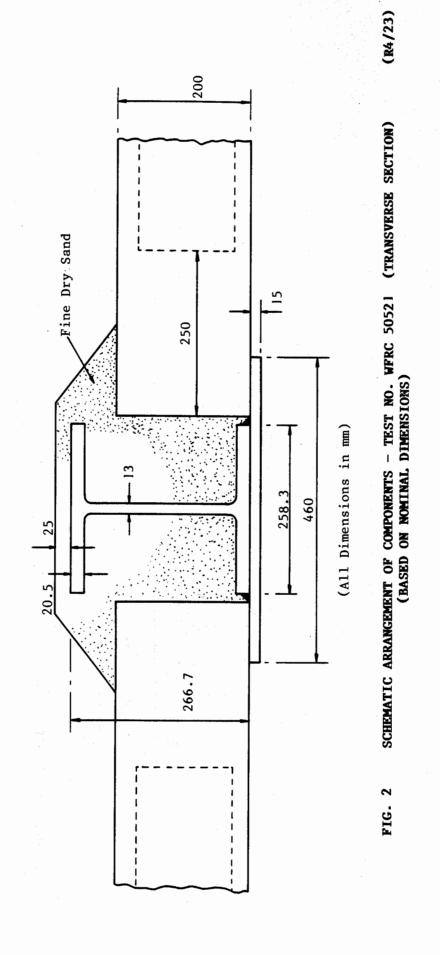
TABLE 3 SUMMARY OF THE MAJOR FEATURES OF THE SLIM FLOOR TEST BEAMS

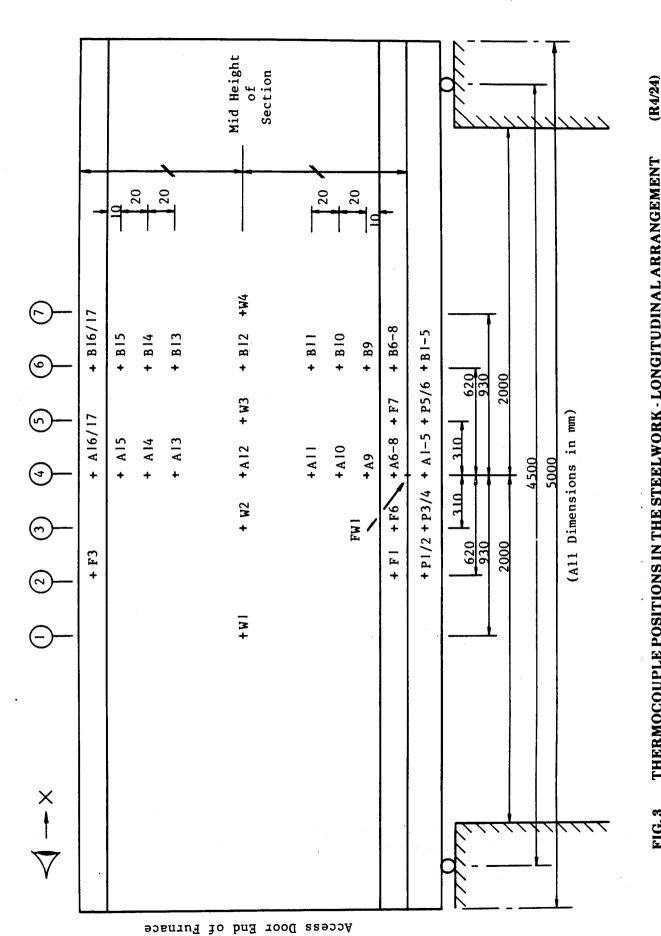
Data Sheet Number	66	100	101	102	103	104	105	106
Comments	Dry Sand Infill between Slabs and Web. Dry Sand Cover to Top Flange. Load Applied to Steel Beam Only.	2 Rows of Shear Connectors Welded to Top Flange. Load Applied to Concrete Floor. Composite Construction.	Web Stiffeners at Mid-Span and Roller Supports. In-Filled with Dry Sand to ½ Height of Web. Load Applied to both Steel Beam and Blockwork.	Concrete Infill between Flanges. Load Applied to both Steel Beam and Blockwork.	Concrete between Flanges to \(\frac{1}{2} \) Height of Web. Load Applied to both Steel Beam and Blockwork.	Concrete between Flanges to ‡ Height of Web. Load Applied to both Steel Beam and Blockwork.	Service Ducts Passing Through Web. Load Applied to Steel Beam Only.	Construction as for WFRC 54278.
Nominal Load Ratio	0.55	0.58	0.516	0.457	0.188	0.434	0.52	FULL LENGTH INDICATIVE
Load Bearing Capacity mins	60	67	83	83	96	72	62	LEN
Floor Slab Details	7 Tembo Slabs Per Side 1500(L) x 600(W) x 200(D)	Beam Encased in Cast Concrete Slab 1700(W) x 350(D)	Precast Concrete Blocks 440(L) x 140(W) x 215(D)	Precast Concrete Blocks 440(L) x 140(W) x 215(D)	Fe 430 A Precast Concrete Blocks 440(L) x 140(W) x 215(D)	Fe 510 B Precast Concrete Blocks 440(L) x 140(W) x 215(D)	Fe 430 A PMF 210 Metal Deck Plus 90 mm Concrete Cover	Precast Concrete Blocks 440(L) x 140(W) x 215(D)
Steel Grade	Fe 430 A	Fe 430 A	Fe 430 A	Fe 430 A	Fe 430 A	Fe 510 B	Fe 430 A	Fe 510 B
Nominal Section and Plate Dimensions mm x mm x kg/m	254 x 254 x 107 460 x 15	203 x 203 x 86 425 x 15	203 x 203 x 60 405 x 15	254 x 254 x 73 455 x 15	305 x 305 x 283 525 x 15	152 x 152 x 30 355 x 15	254 x 254 x 73 460 x 15	152 x 152 x 30 355 x 15
WFRC Test Number	12909	20909	52896	52897	51883	54278	29892	51884
Test Date	25.09.90	14.11.90	08.02.91	14.02.91	07.08.91	31.10.91	04.11.92	31.07.91

(R4/22)



NOMINAL PRINCIPAL DIMENSIONS OF RICHARD LEES 'TEMBO' REINFORCED CONCRETE FLOOR SLAB TEST NO. WFRC 50521





THERMOCOUPLE POSITIONS IN THE STEELWORK - LONGITUDINAL ARRANGEMENT APPLICABLE TO TESTS WFRC 50521, 50522, 52896 AND 52897 FIG. 3

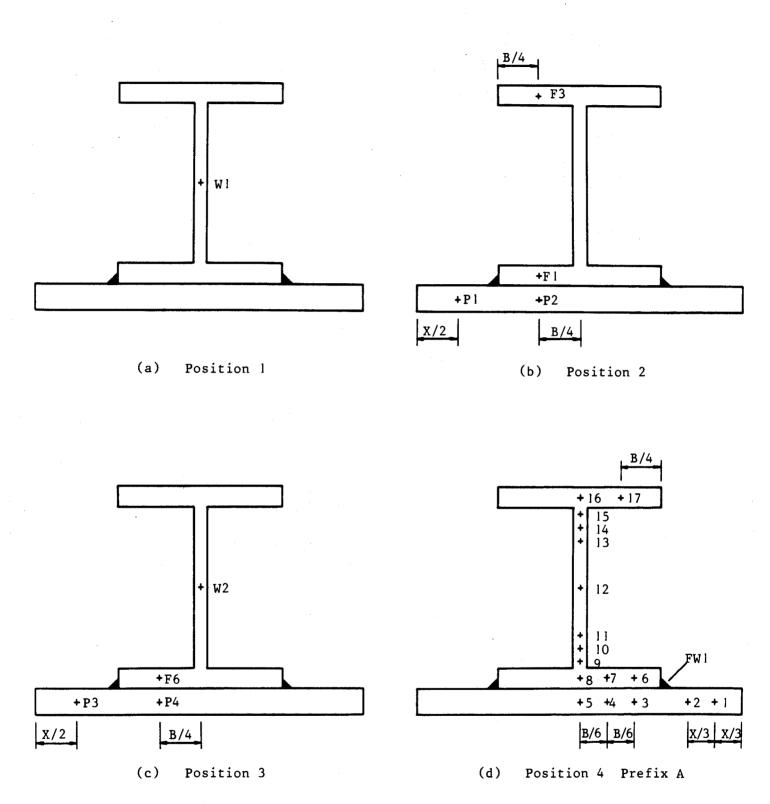
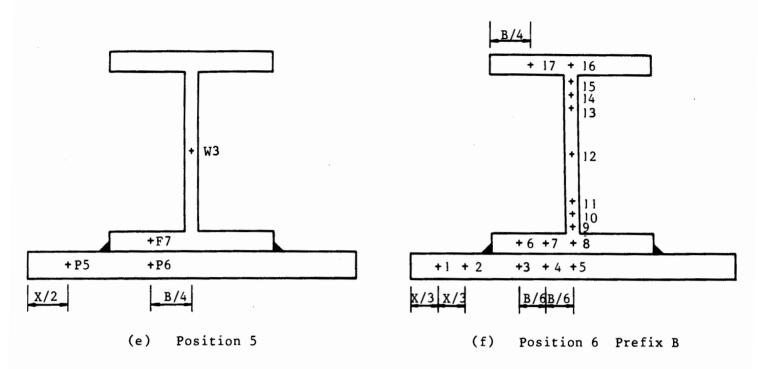


FIG. 4 THERMOCOUPLE POSITIONS IN THE STEELWORK (R4/25)

- TRANSVERSE ARRANGEMENTS AT POSITIONS 1-7

VIEWED IN DIRECTION OF ARROW X IN FIG. 3

APPLICABLE TO TESTS WFRC 50521, 50522, 52896 AND 52897



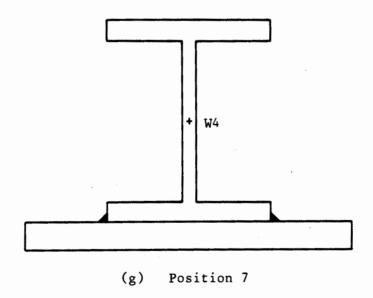
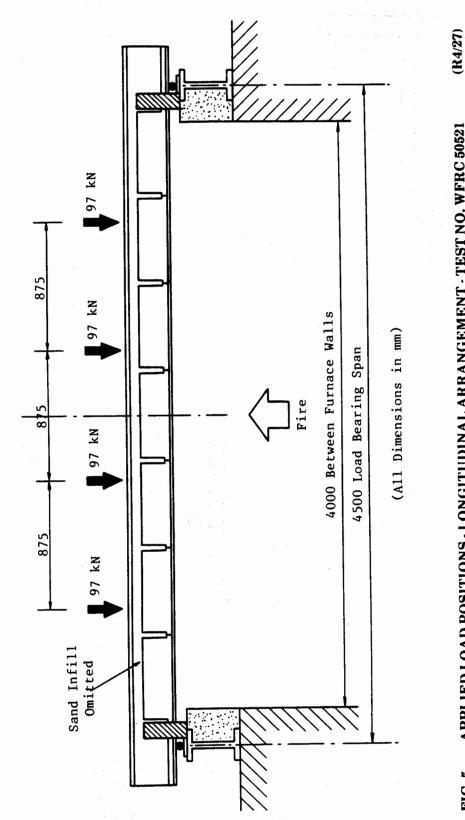
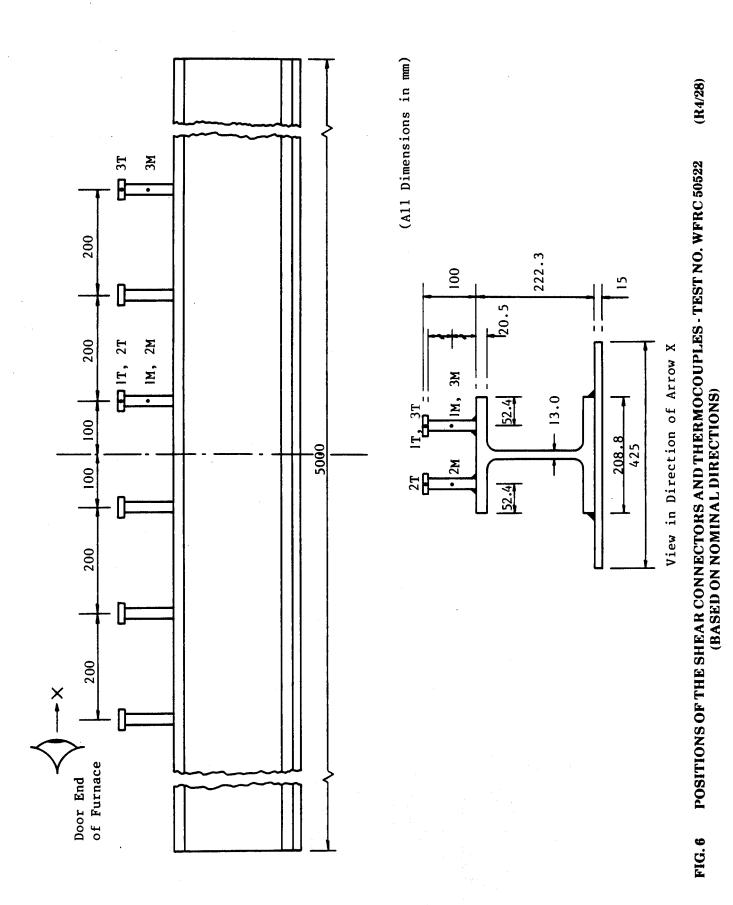


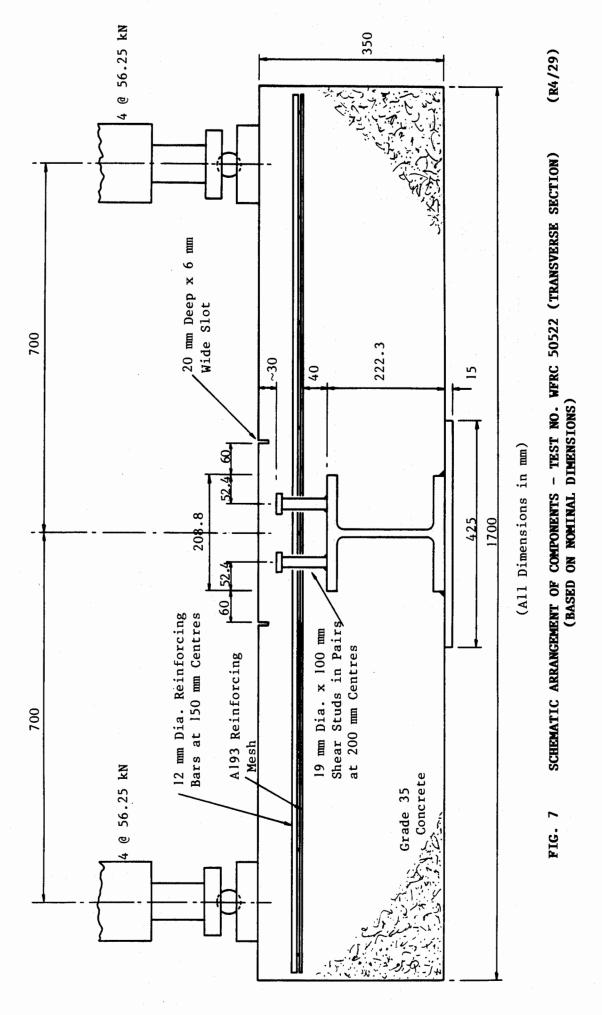
FIG. 4 THERMOCOUPLE POSITIONS IN THE STEELWORK
- TRANSVERSE ARRANGEMENTS AT POSITIONS 1-7
VIEWED IN DIRECTION OF ARROW X IN FIG. 3
APPLICABLE TO TESTS WFRC 50521, 50522, 52896 AND 52897



APPLIED LOAD POSITIONS - LONGITUDINAL ARRANGEMENT - TEST NO. WFRC 50521 FIG. 5



F7



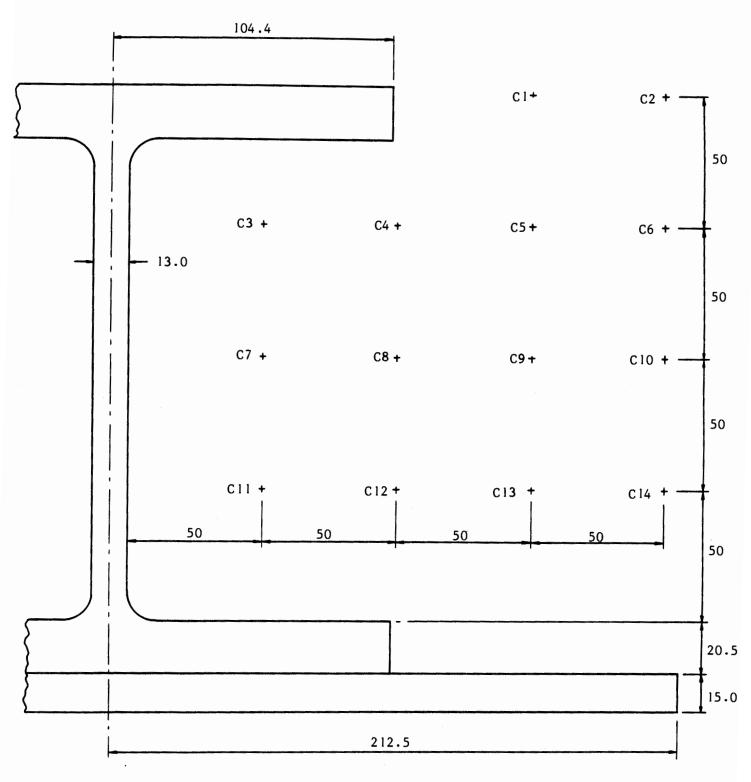
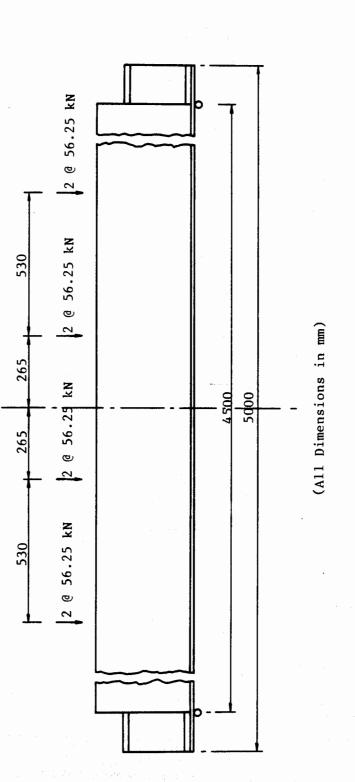
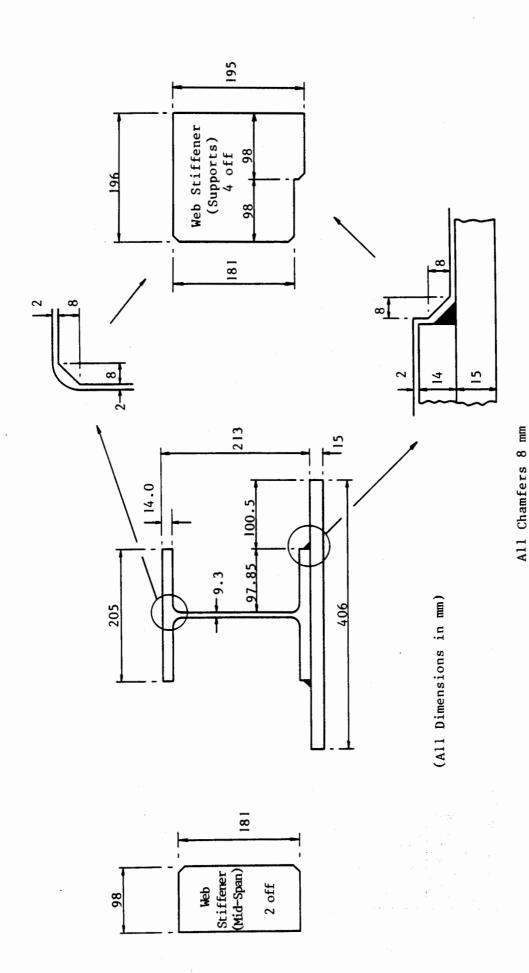


FIG. 8 THERMOCOUPLE POSITIONS IN THE CONCRETE
- TRANSVERSE ARRANGEMENT AT THE
MID-SPAN POSITION - TEST NO. WFRC 50522
(BASED ON NOMINAL DIMENSIONS, mm)

(R4/31)



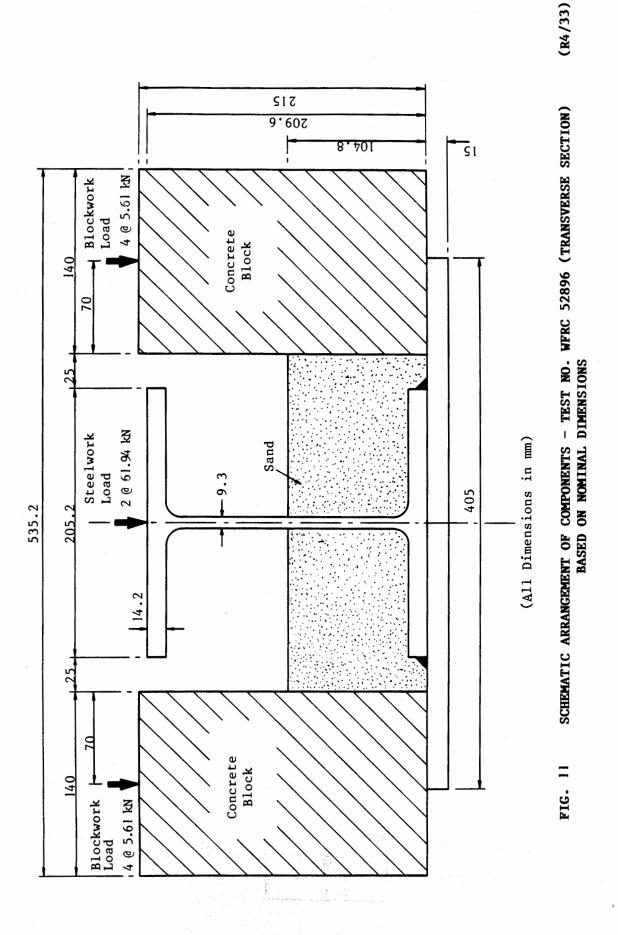
APPLIED LOAD POSITIONS - TEST NO. WFRC 50522 (LONGITUDINAL ARRANGEMENT) FIG. 9



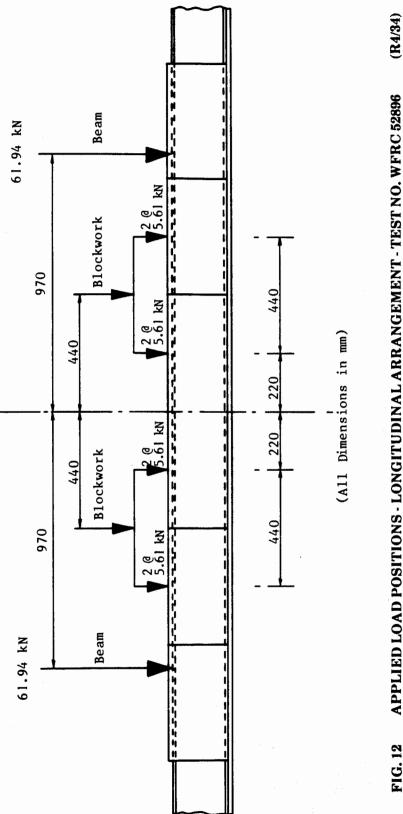
(R4/32)DETAILS OF THE WEB STIFFENERS - TEST NO. WFRC 52896 (BASED ON ACTUAL DIMENSIONS, mm) FIG. 10

2 mm Clearance Between all Steel Component Faces

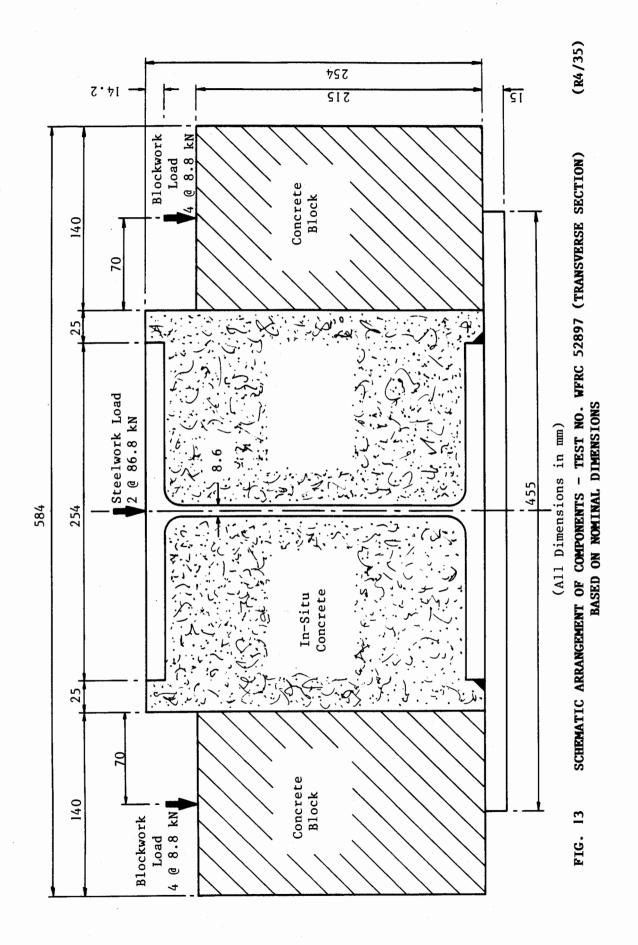
F11

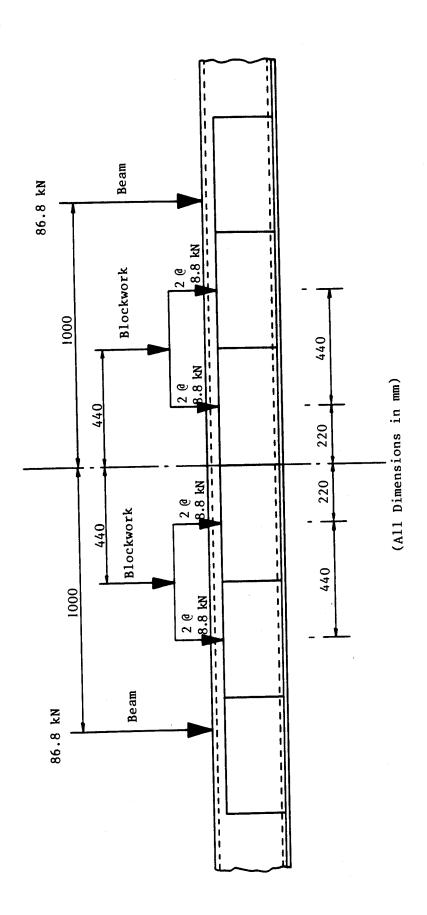


F12

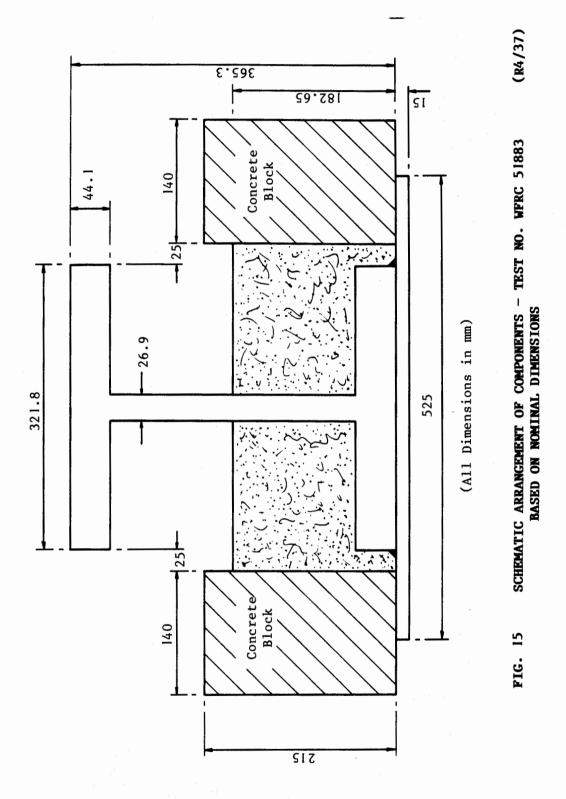


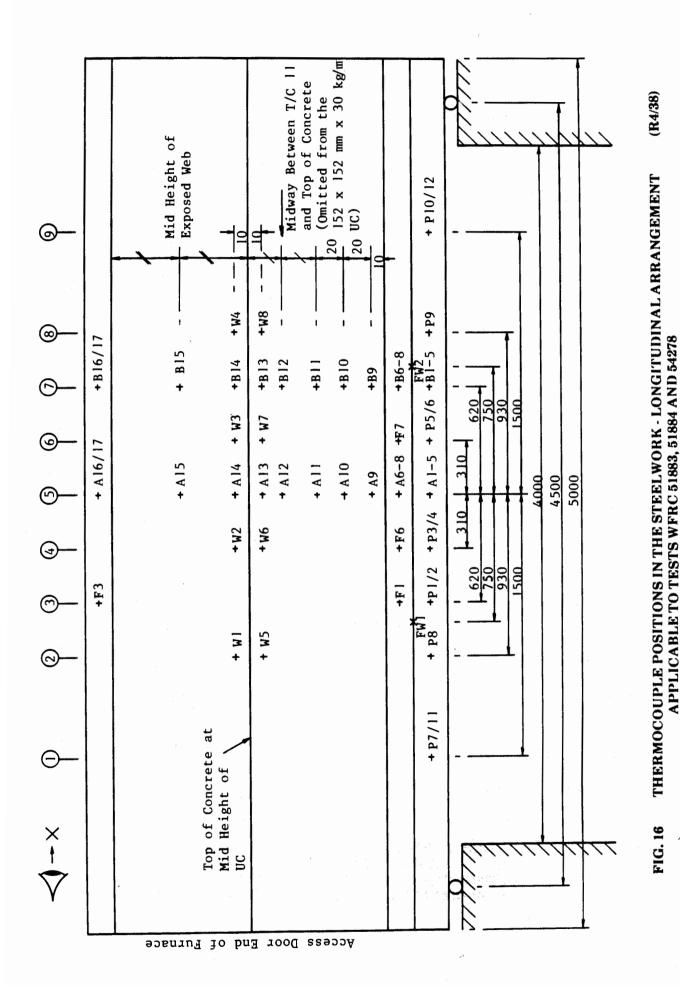
APPLIED LOAD POSITIONS - LONGITUDINAL ARRANGEMENT - TEST NO. WFRC 52896 FIG. 12



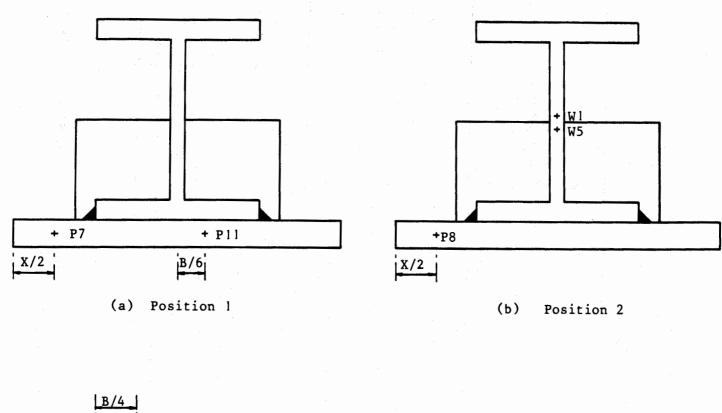


(R4/36)APPLIED LOAD POSITIONS - LONGITUDINAL ARRANGEMENT - TEST NO. WFRC 52897





F17



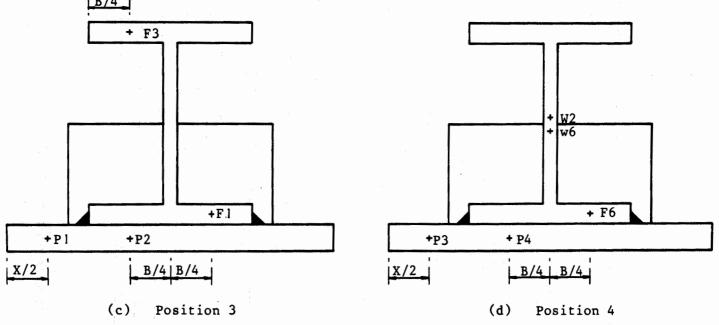
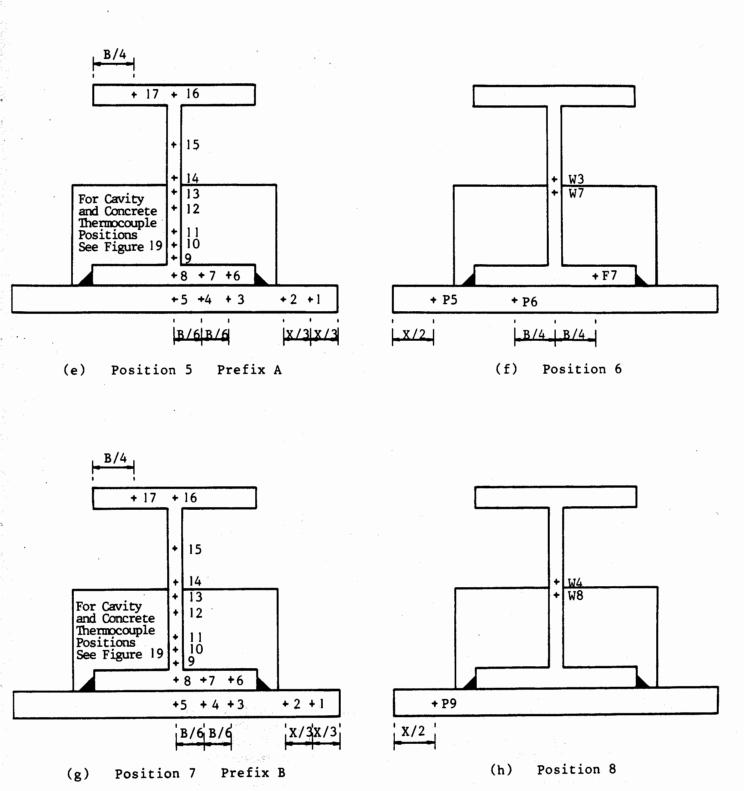


FIG. 17
(Contd...)

THERMOCOUPLE POSITIONS IN THE STEELWORK
- TRANSVERSE ARRANGEMENTS
AT POSITIONS 1-9 VIEWED IN DIRECTION OF ARROW X IN FIG. 16
APPLICABLE TO TESTS WFRC 51883, 51884 AND 54278



THERMOCOUPLE POSITIONS IN THE STEELWORK FIG. 17 (Contd...)

(R4/40)

- TRANSVERSE ARRANGEMENTS AT POSITIONS 1-9 VIEWED IN DIRECTION OF ARROW X IN FIG. 16 APPLICABLE TO TESTS WFRC 51883, 51884 AND 54278

(R4/41)

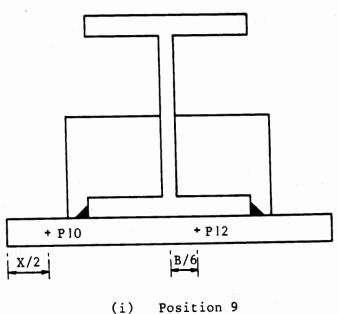


FIG. 17 THERMOCOUPLE POSITIONS IN THE STEELWORK - TRANSVERSE ARRANGEMENTS AT POSITIONS 1-9 VIEWED IN DIRECTION OF ARROW X IN FIG. 16 APPLICABLE TO TESTS WFRC 51883, 51884 AND 54278

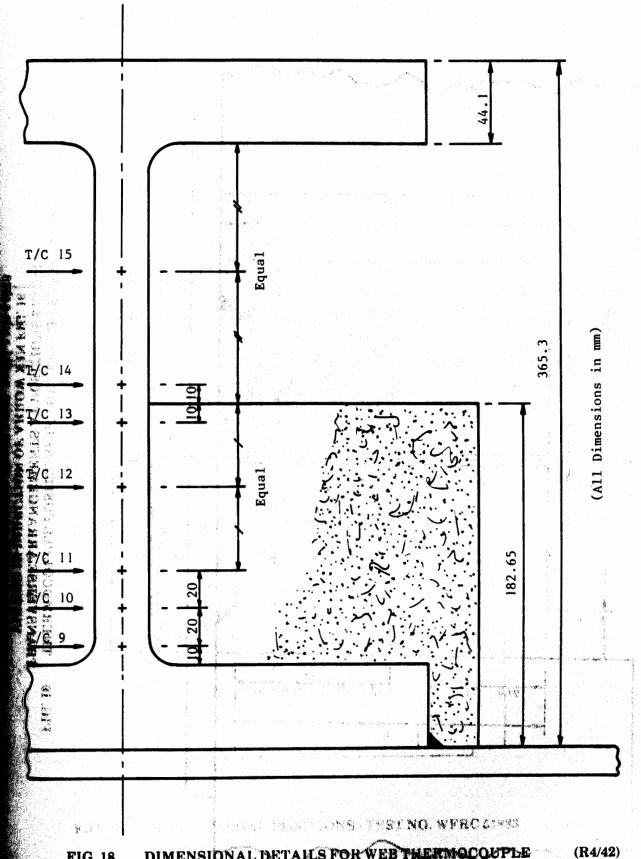
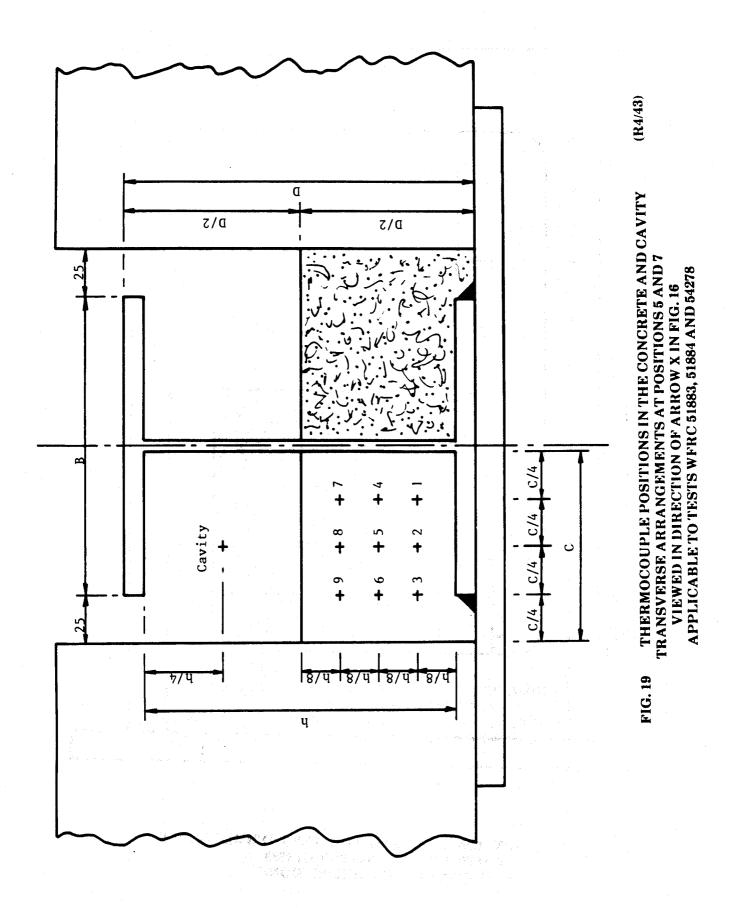


FIG. 18 DIMENSIONAL DETAILS FOR WEB THERMOCOUPLE
POSITIONS - TEST NO. WFRC 51888
(BASED ON NOMINAL DIMENSIONS)



F22

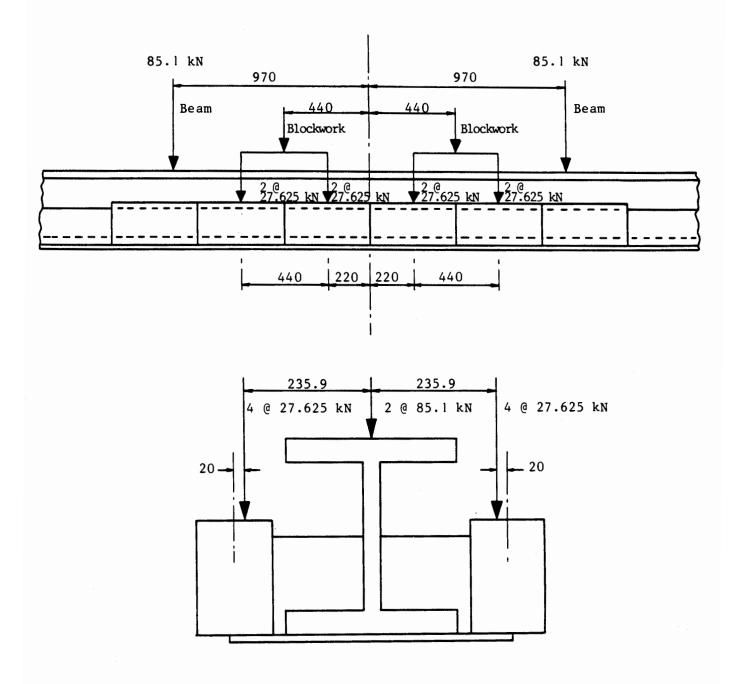
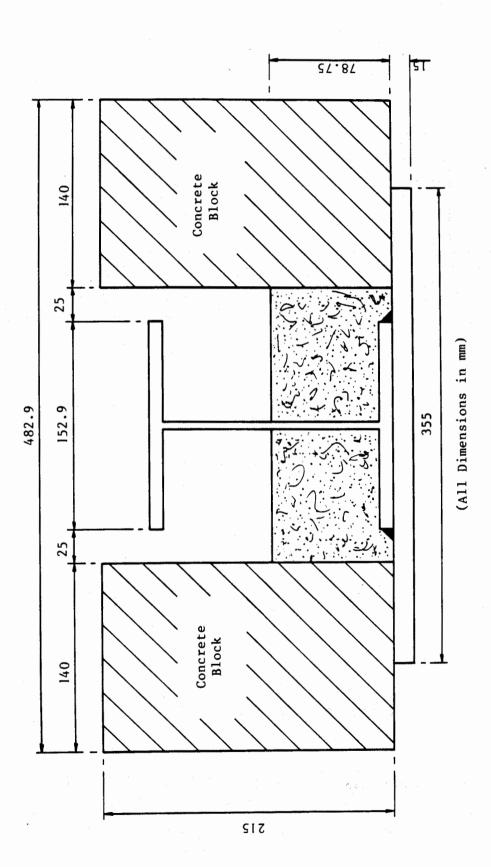


FIG. 20 APPLIED LOAD POSITIONS - TEST NO. WFRC 51883 (R4/44)



SCHEMATIC ARRANGEMENT OF COMPONENTS - TRANSVERSE SECTION - TEST NO. WFRC 54278 (BASED ON NOMINAL DIMENSIONS, mm) FIG. 21

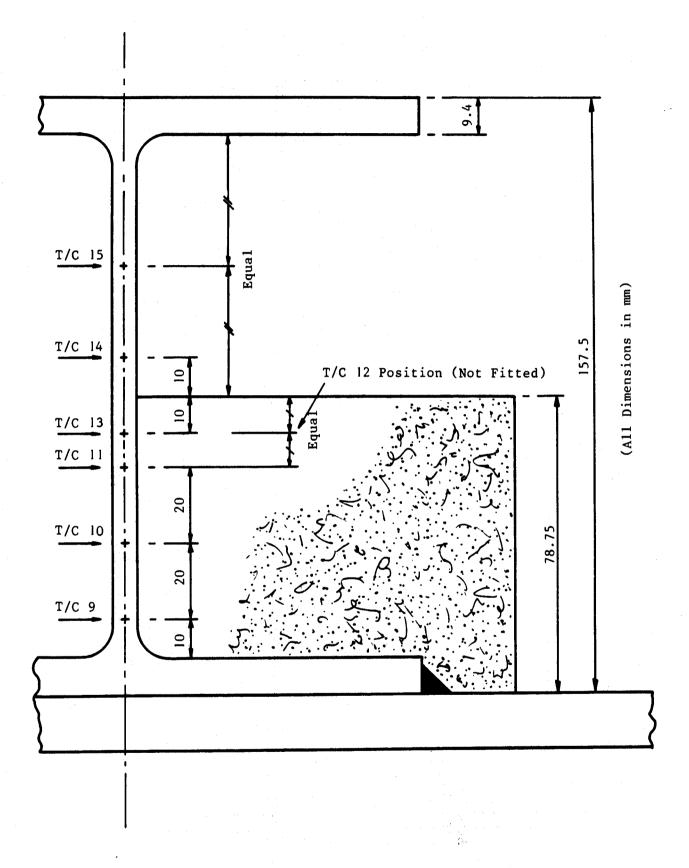
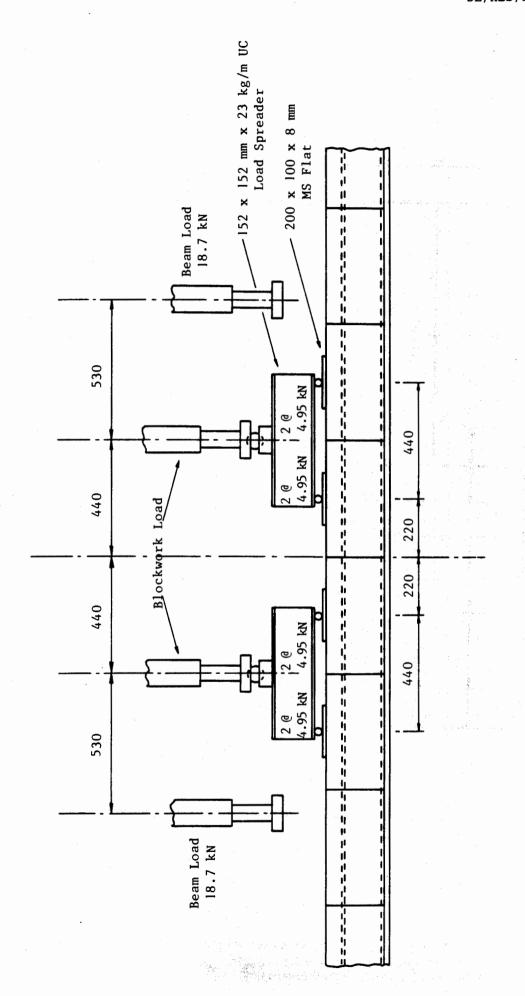


FIG. 22 DIMENSIONAL DETAILS FOR WEB THERMOCOUPLE
POSITIONS - TEST NO. WFRC 54278
(BASED ON NOMINAL DIMENSIONS, mm)



APPLIED LOAD POSITIONS - LONGITUDINAL ARRANGEMENT - TEST NO. WFRC 54278 FIG. 23

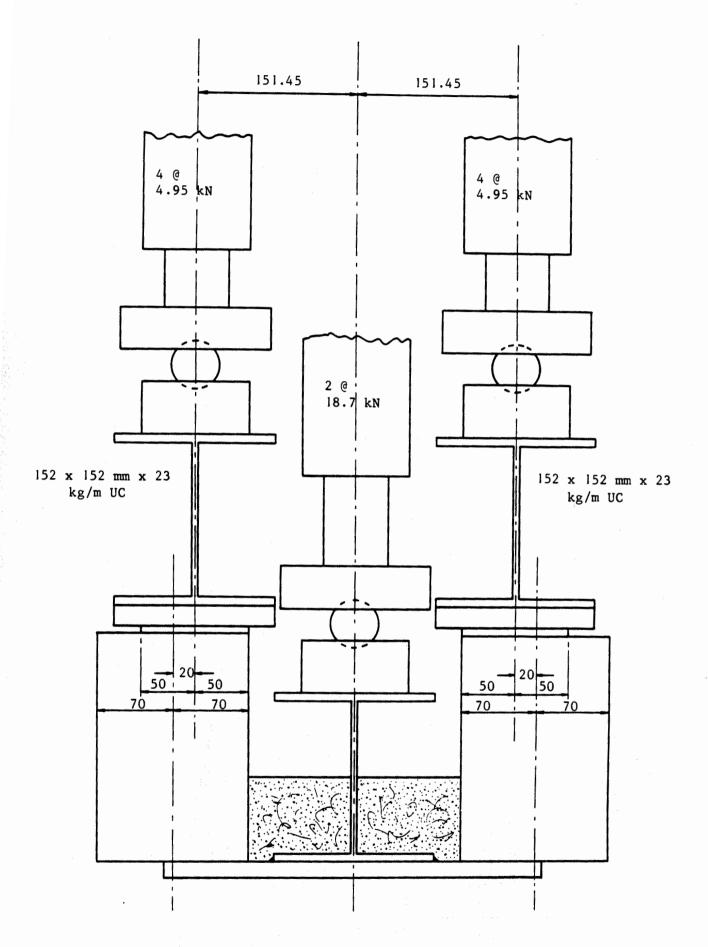


FIG. 24 APPLIED LOAD POSITIONS - TRANSVERSE ARRANGEMENT - TEST NO. WFRC 54278

(R4/48)

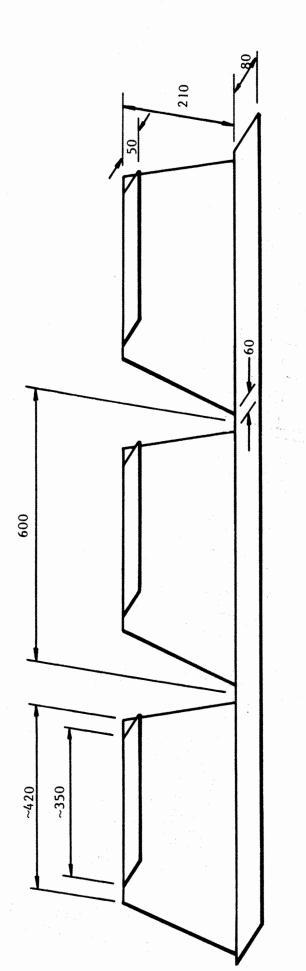
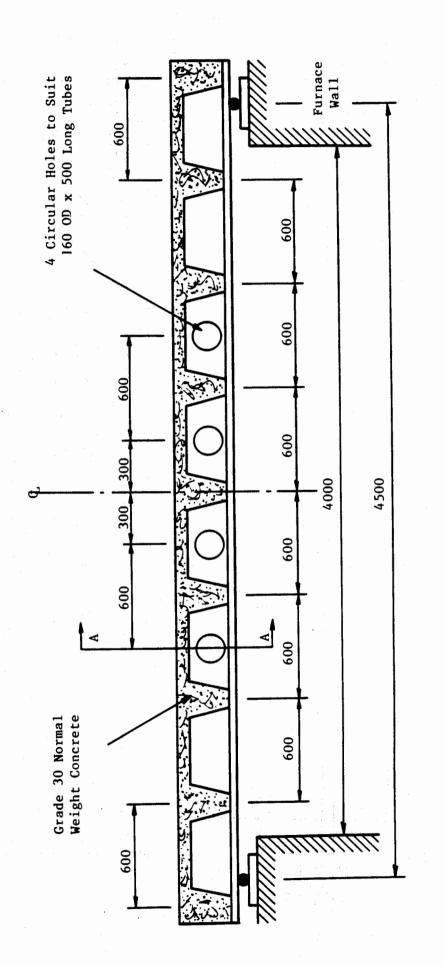


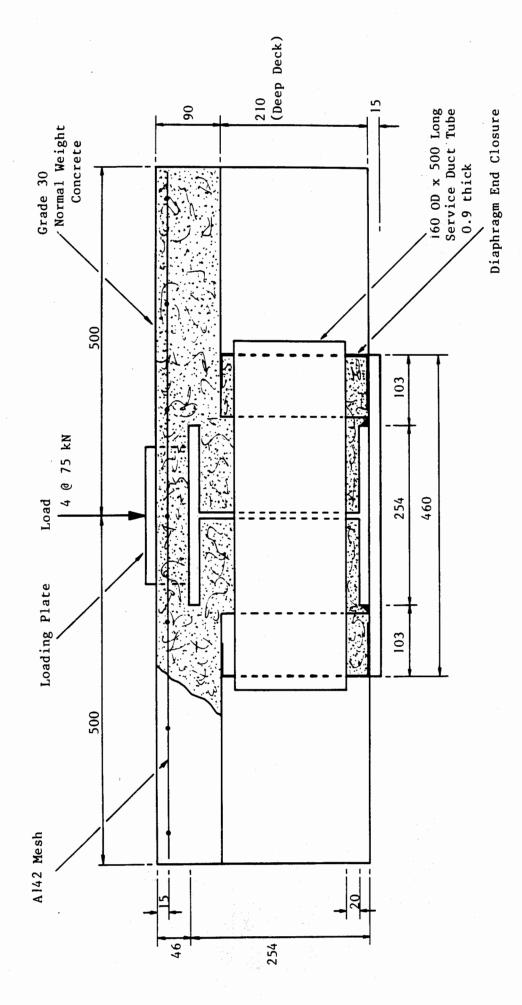
FIG. 25 DIMENSIONAL DETAILS OF PMF 210 mm DEEP CLOSURE FLASHING - TEST NO. WFRC 56867

_ -

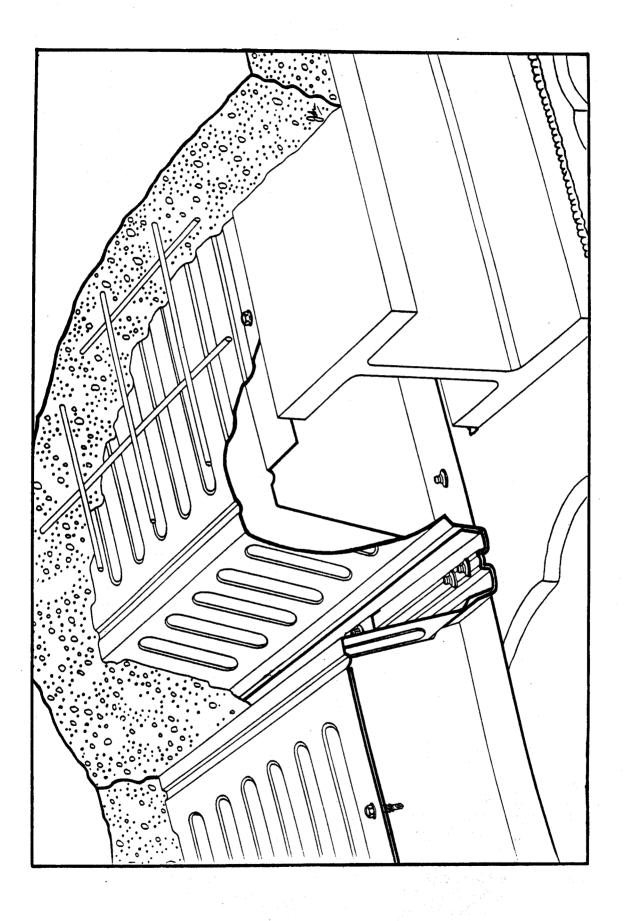
(R4/50)

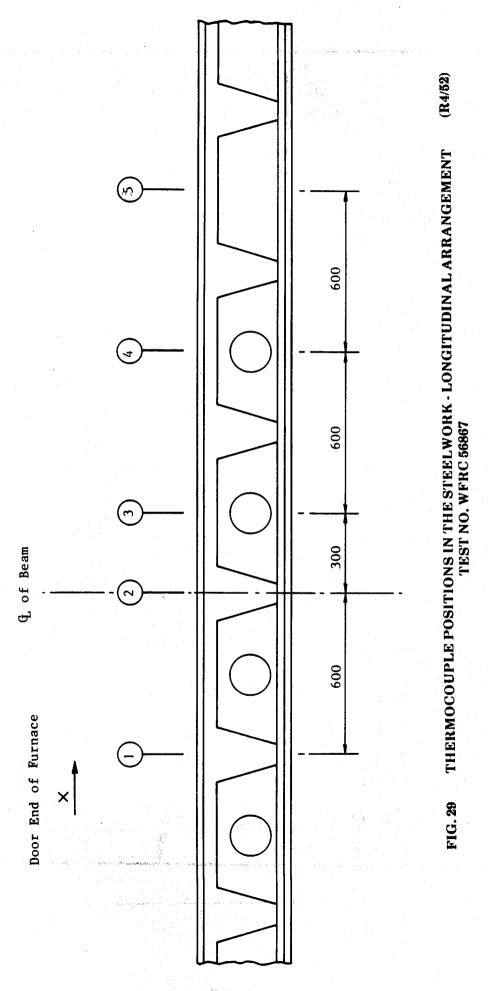


SCHEMATIC ARRANGEMENT OF COMPONENTS - LONGITUDINAL ARRANGEMENT TEST NO. WFRC 56867 FIG. 26



(R4/51)SCHEMATIC ARRANGEMENT OF COMPONENTS - TRANSVERSE SECTION AT A-A IN FIG. 26 TEST NO. WFRC 56867 FIG. 27





F32

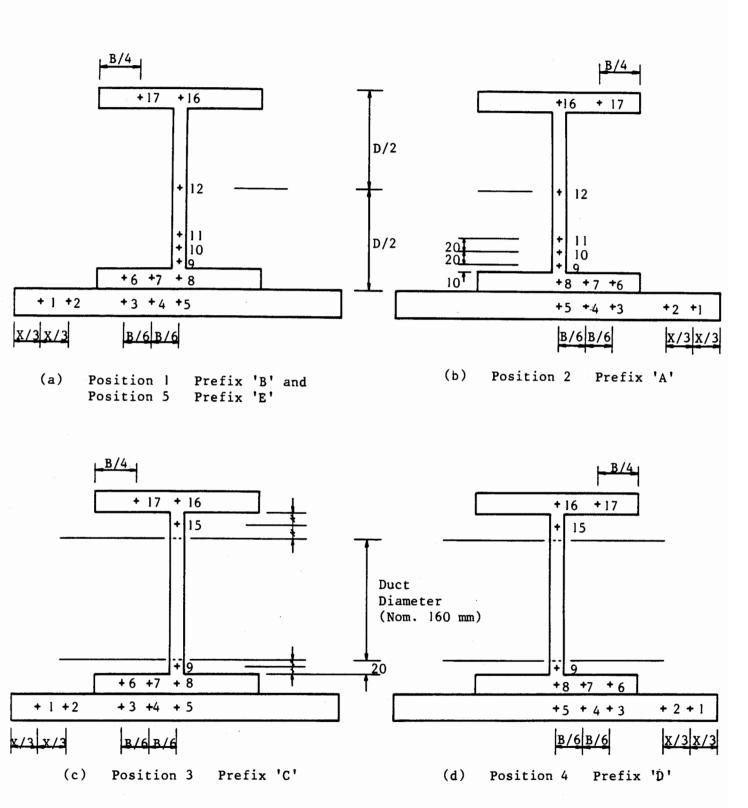
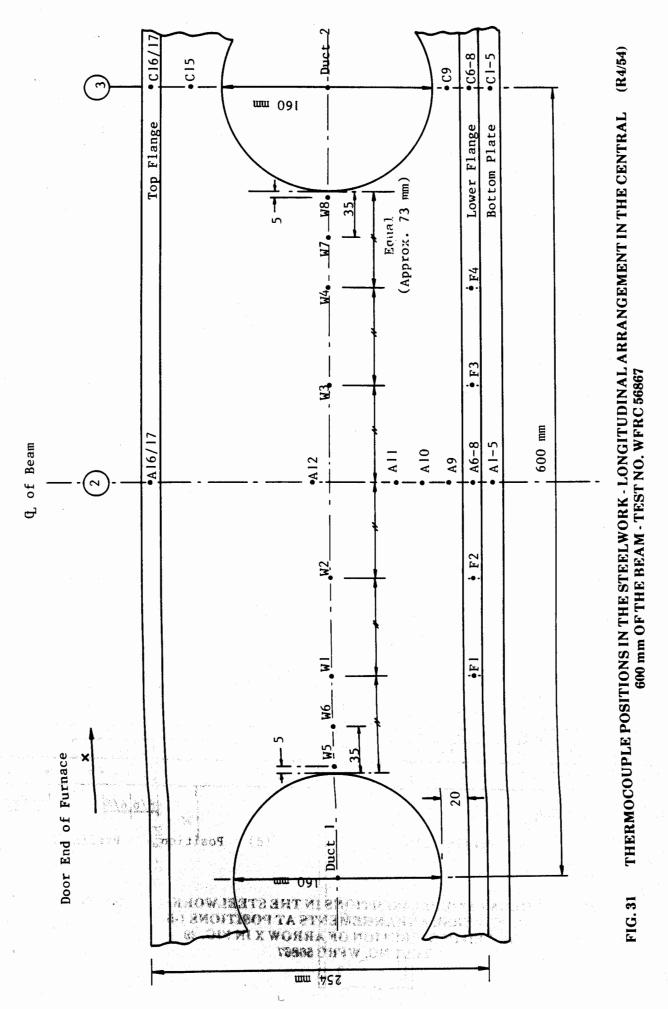


FIG. 30 THERMOCOUPLE POSITIONS IN THE STEELWORK
- TRANSVERSE ARRANGEMENTS AT POSITIONS 1-5
VIEWED IN DIRECTION OF ARROW X IN FIG. 29
TEST NO. WFRC 56867



F34

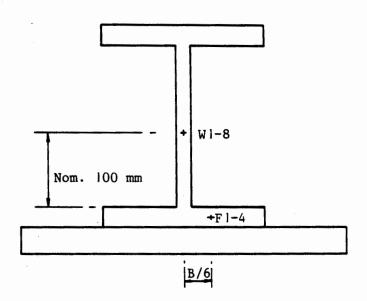
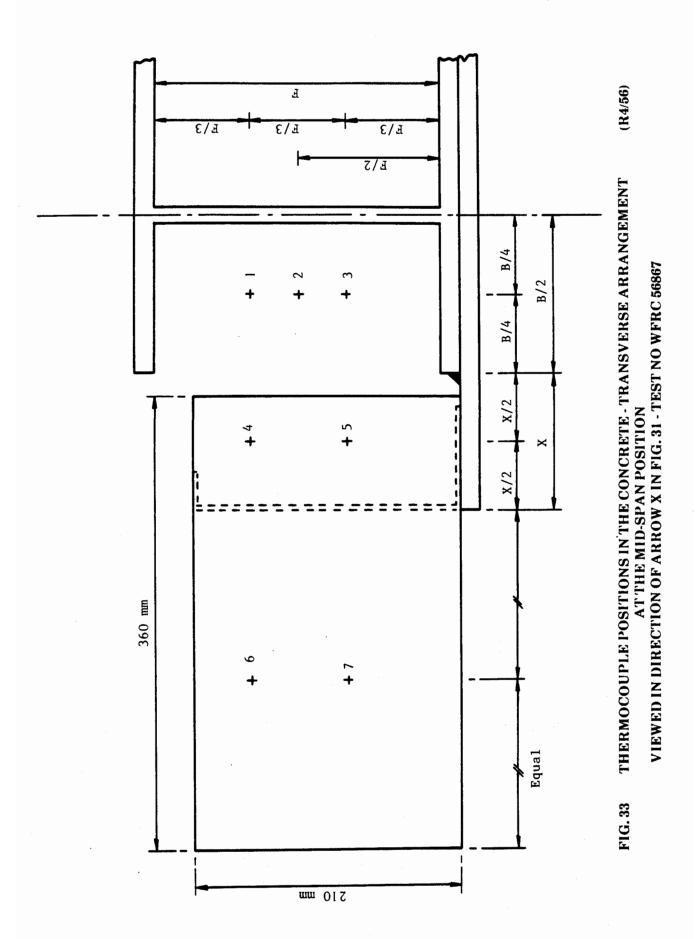


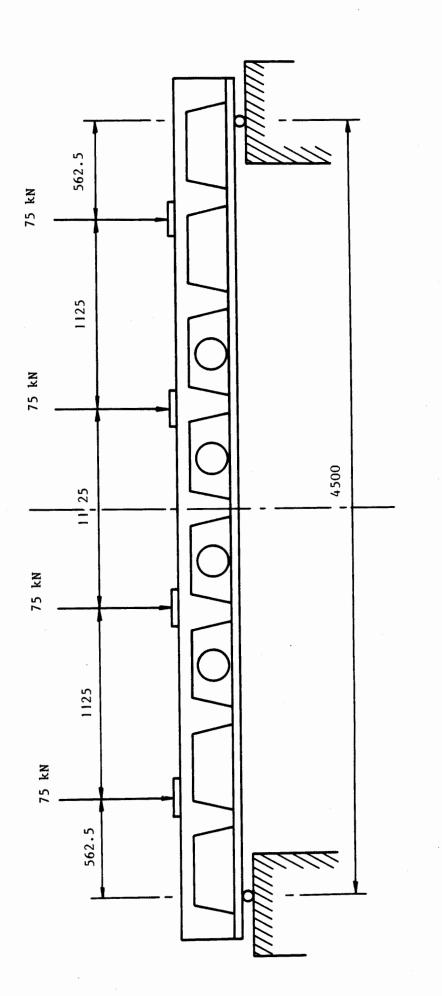
FIG. 32
THERMOCOUPLE POSITIONS IN THE STEELWORK
- TRANSVERSE ARRANGEMENTS AT POSITIONS IN
THE CENTRAL 600 mm OF THE BEAM
VIEWED IN DIRECTION OF ARROW X IN FIG. 31 - TEST NO. WFRC 56867

(R4/55)



F36

(R4/57)



APPLIED LOAD POSITIONS - LONGITUDINAL ARRANGEMENT - TEST NO. WFRC 56867 FIG. 34

APPENDIX 1

DATA SHEET NUMBERS 99-106

DATA SHEET NUMBER 99A

SLIM FLOOR BEAM

DIMENSIONS AND PROPERTIES

Section	Dimensions	Depth	Width	Mass	Thic	kness	Elastic	Modulus	Plastic	Modulus	Moment	of Inertia
Serial Size and Type mm	and Properties	of Section mm	of Section mm	Per Metre kg	Web mm	Flange mm	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ⁴	Axis y-y cm4
254 x 254 Column	Nominal Actual	266.7 268	258.3 258	107 107.3	13.0 13.0	20.5 20.5	1313 1319	456.9 455.3	1485 1492	695.5 693.2	17510 17673	5901 5873
460 x 15 Plate	Nominal Actual	15.0 15.0	460 460	54.2 54.2								
UC & Plate Combined	Nominal (a) Actual (a)			161.9 162.0			1473 1481	790.1 789.2	1830 1839	1497 1495	26651 26912	18172 18151

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (PRODUCT ANALYSIS - Wt. %)

Product	Steel Quality	С	Si	Mn	P	s	Cr	Mo	Ni	v	Cu	Nb	Al	N
Column	Fe 430 A	0.16	0.29	0.73	0.021	0.028	0.08	0.011	0.07	<0.005		<0.005	<0.005	0.0045
Plate	Fe 430 A	0.19	0.30	0.80	0.013	0.012	<0.02	<0.005	0.02	<0.005		<0.005	0.029	0.0048

ROOM TEMPERATURE TENSILE PROPERTIES

Position	LYS	TS	Elong.
	N/mm²	N/mm²	%
Column	275	457	26.5
Plate	310	496	29.0

NOTES

(a)	Including th	e 8 mm	fillet w	eld.

- (b) Initial ambient temperature = 15°C.
- (c) Based on an initial ambient temperature of 20°C.
- (d) Heating continued with no applied load.

TEST CENTRE: TEST DATE: TEST NUMBER: WARRINGTON RESEARCH 25th SEPTEMBER 1990 WFRC 50521

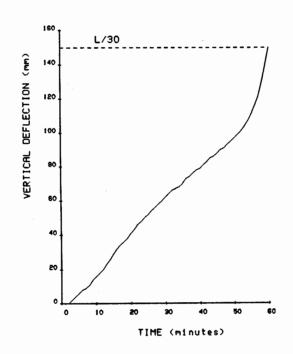
BS476: PARTS 20 & 21: 1987 RESULTS

TIME TO L/30
TIME TO L/9000D
RE-LOAD TEST
LOAD BEARING CAPACITY:
FIRE RESISTANCE:

60 MINUTES 58 MINUTES NOT CARRIED OUT 60 MINUTES 60 MINUTES

SHEET 99B

THERMOCOUPLE					TI	EMPE	RATU	RE De	g. C A	FTER	VAR	ious	TIME	S (MIN	NUTES	S)			
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	70	80	90
Upper Flange	18	18	18	17	17	18	18	18	19	20	22	24	27	31	36	42	72	95	103
UF/Web Junction	17	18	17	17	17	17	18	19	20	22	24	28	33	39	46	54	91	103	116
Web																			
10 mm from UF 30 mm from UF 50 mm from UF Mid-Height 50 mm from LF 30 mm from LF 10 mm from LF	18 18 17 18 18 18	18 18 18 19 21 24	18 17 17 18 23 29 37	18 18 18 23 42 60 80	18 18 19 29 54 72 90	19 20 22 34 66 88 113	20 22 24 41 82 111 141	22 24 27 49 101 136 174	23 27 31 59 122 163 209	25 30 36 71 145 192 244	29 36 45 96 183 241 306	34 45 56 114 224 292 371	41 54 71 136 262 340 428	49 68 90 156 297 381 477	58 80 100 176 330 420 522	67 90 106 194 359 455 563	99 103 108 224 409 511 622	111 129 152 259 449 555 668	130 154 178 289 487 596 711
LF/Web Junction	19	26	43	92	102	128	160	195	233	271	338	409	469	520	568	610	670	715	761
Lower Flange																			
B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	20 22 25	34 41 50	62 78 94	101 111 127	127 142 165	159 177 204	194 214 245	234 253 287	275 294 330	317 336 372	388 407 444	462 479 515	523 538 573	575 589 623	622 635 666	662 675 700	717 725 751	770 778 811	826 836 866
Plate																			
Mid-Width B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	97 98 123 93	165 165 186 155	234 234 244 211	269 277 293 275	362 364 371 350	435 433 431 413	495 492 487 469	547 543 533 519	588 585 573 559	624 622 606 597	669 668 645 647	697 699 678 683	729 732 717 722	761 766 754 759	778 784 777 780	790 799 793 800	840 852 849 854	890 901 899 908	928 939 936 945
Plate Extension																			
x/3 from FL. Tip x/2 from FL. Tip 2x/3 from FL. Tip	81 80 90	149 161 166	218 232 241	281 295 306	348 362 374	404 421 431	459 474 484	506 522 532	547 563 572	588 601 611	646 658 669	695 707 718	739 750 761	775 785 791	801 815 823	833 844 853	887 895 905	932 936 944	964 967 972
Fillet Weld	38	79	129	180	227	281	327	371	411	449	515	575	628	674	710	740	802	860	908
Furnace Gas (b) Standard Curve (c)	532 502	603 603	671 663	690 705	733 739	755 766	789 789	810 809	831 826	852 842	876 865	900 885	922 902	940 918	942 932	965 945	985 968	1011 988	1034 1006
Deflection mm Deflection Rate mm/min	2 2	8 2	14 3	20 2	29 3	36 2	43 2	50 2	56 2	62 2	70 2	79 1	88 2	97 2	111 4	150 12	(d)		



DATA SHEET 100A NUMBER

SLIM FLOOR BEAM

DIMENSIONS AND PROPERTIES

Section	Dimensions	Depth	Width	Mass	Thic	kness	Elastic	Modulus	Plastic	Modulus	Moment	of Inertia
Serial Size and Type mm	and Properties	of Section mm	of Section mm	Per Metre kg	Web mm	Flange mm	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ⁴	Axis y-y cm ⁴
203 x 203 Column	Nominal Actual	222.3 226	208.8 210	86 83.8	13.0 12.4	20.5 19.7	851.5 847.4	298.7 289.9	978.8 969.5	455.9 442.3	9462 9576	3119 3044
425 x 15 Plate	Nominal Actual	15.0 15.0	425 428	50.0 50.4								
UC & Plate Combined	Nominal (a) Actual (a)			137.0 134.7			980.1 974.0	601.6 603.7	1246 1234	1140 1136	15183 15436	12783 12919

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (PRODUCT ANALYSIS - Wt. %)

Product	Steel Quality	C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Mo	Ni	v	Cu	Nb	Al	N
Column Plate	Fe 430 A Fe 430 A	0.18 0.19	0.02 0.29	1.16 0.82	0.021 0.008	0.023 0.013	0.03 <0.02	<0.005 <0.005		<0.005 <0.005	<0.02 <0.02		<0.005 0.039	0.0033 0.0040

ROOM TEMPERATURE TENSILE PROPERTIES

Position	LYS	TS	Elong.
	N/mm²	N/mm²	%
Column	265	465	23.0
Plate	306	479	30.5

NOTES

(a)	Including the 8 mm fillet weld.
(b)	Initial ambient temperature = 19°C.
(c)	Based on an initial ambient temperature of 20°C.
(d)	Heating continued with no applied load.

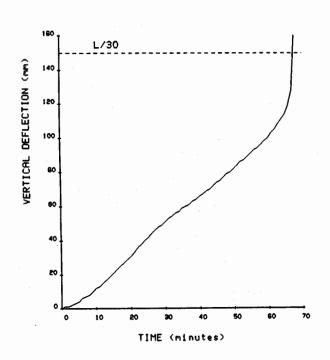
TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 14th NOVEMBER 1990 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 50522

BS476: PARTS 20 & 21: 1987 RESULTS

TIME TO L/30 : >67,<68 MINUTES
TIME TO L2/9000D : 67 MINUTES
RE-LOAD TEST : NOT CARRIED OUT
LOAD BEARING CAPACITY : 67 MINUTES
FIRE RESISTANCE : 67 MINUTES

DATA SHEET NUMBER 100B

THERMOCOUPLE					TI	EMPE	RATU	RE De	g. C A	FTER	VAR	IOUS	TIMES	S (MI	NUTES	3)			
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	35	40	45	50	60	67	70	80	90
Upper Flange	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	31	48	73	.80	85	89	94	99	99	102	104
UF/Web Junction	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	36	55	81	89	93	95	97	101	103	107	112
Web																			
10 mm from UF 30 mm from UF 50 mm from UF Mid-Height 50 mm from LF 30 mm from LF 10 mm from LF	26 26 25 26 26 26 26 26	26 26 25 26 26 27	26 26 25 26 33 45	26 26 25 37 51 69	26 26 26 32 48 63 84	26 26 27 42 71 91	26 31 40 73 91 100 103	33 57 73 92 98 101 112	55 82 91 99 100 104 130	75 94 99 100 101 113 150	94 100 100 100 106 135 195	98 100 100 103 143 192 257	99 100 100 108 175 234 318	100 100 100 130 211 276 366	104 122 135 185 270 345 448	113 136 152 211 302 384 493	115 137 157 219 312 396 506	121 148 173 246 350 441 554	129 160 189 270 383 479 595
LF/Web Junction	26	30	52	78	93	103	112	124	143	168	215	302	365	419	507	554	567	617	659
Lower Flange																			
B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	26 26 26	38 40 48	67 70 82	92 95 103	105 116 125	122 146 151	140 175 172	166 202 208	195 230 244	223 260 279	287 312 337	351 382 399	417 443 456	474 495 509	564 578 597	612 624 644	624 635 655	676 686 705	716 729 750
Plate																			
Mid-Width B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	59 65 56 50	103 116 100 83	143 151 143 116	186 202 201 173	268 279 273 239	332 339 330 292	392 399 387 346	449 453 437 397	496 499 478 443	532 534 509 480	576 579 551 531	605 611 582 570	629 639 615 606	661 673 653 644	729 741 725 720	757 769 757 751	773 784 772 767	820 832 818 815	862 873 861 861
Plate Extension																			
x/3 from FL. Tip x/2 from FL. Tip 2x/3 from FL. Tip	55 61 72	95 107 120	138 156 166	186 207 217	236 263 271	283 315 316	336 372 373	389 425 428	438 470 478	483 511 523	550 570 588	604 619 641	651 665 686	693 707 727	753 760 783	794 799 822	810 815 837	858 859 879	896 900 914
Fillet Weld	39	70	106	150	200	249	300	351	397	438	497	545	591	634	706	739	<i>75</i> 5	803	850
Furnace Gas (b) Standard Curve (c)	528 502	596 603	641 663	690 705	714 739	726 766	767 789	774 809	794 826	809 842	832 865	851 885	872 902	892 918	921 945	938 962	944 968	964 988	992 1006
Deflection mm Deflection Rate mm/min	2	6 2	10 2	15 2	21 2	27 2	33 2	40 2	46 2	51 2	5 9 2	66 2	74 2	82 2	100 2	128 9			



TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 14th NOVEMBER 1990 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 50522

SHEET 100C

THERMOCOUPLE					TEM	(PER	ATUR	E De	g. C A	FTE	R VAI	RIOU	S TIM	ES (I	UNIN	TES)			
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	35	40	45	50	60	67	70	80	90
Shear Connectors																			
1 Top 2 Top 3 Top	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 26	27 27 31	31 27 34	34 31 38	41 39 44	46 44 48	49 44 49	56 48 54	61 60 61
Mean	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	27	28	31	34	41	46	47	53	61
1 Mid-Height 2 Mid-Height 3 Mid-Height	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 25	27 27 30	27 27 46	44 27 56	51 35 61	56 42 64	61 48 67	66 56 71	70 60 74	73 62 74	78 69 80	83 75 88
Mean	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	28	33	42	49	54	59	64	68	70	76	82
Reinforcement																			
T12 Bar 1 2	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	28 27	33 27	42 34	48 49	51 51	58 56	65 61
Mean	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	28	30	38	49	51	57	63
A193 Mesh 1 2	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	27 27	31 27	40 39	46 61	49 58	57 59	63 63
Mean	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	29	40	54	54	58	63
Concrete at Mid-Span																			
C/C 1 C/C 2 C/C 3 C/C 4 C/C 5 C/C 6 C/C 7 C/C 8 C/C 9 C/C 10 C/C 11 C/C 12 C/C 13 C/C 14	27 27 26 27 26 26 25 27 27 25 26 27 27	27 27 27 26 27 26 25 27 27 25 26 27 27	27 27 26 27 26 25 27 27 25 27 27	27 27 27 26 27 26 25 27 25 26 27 27	27 27 27 26 27 26 25 27 27 27 26 27 27	27 27 27 26 27 26 25 27 27 35 30 29 27	27 27 27 26 27 26 26 25 27 27 45 37 34	27 27 27 26 27 26 25 27 27 53 45 41 32	27 27 35 35 27 26 34 27 27 27 61 52 47 39	27 27 52 49 27 26 45 36 27 27 68 59 52 46	58 27 76 83 58 26 61 53 37 31 81 73 64	72 27 84 88 72 39 72 66 56 46 93 89 81 73	81 37 89 91 79 78 80 76 81 69 104 99 100 88	83 58 93 93 85 88 88 85 91 82 109 104 105 100	85 96 96 91 94 98 98 123 111 109	87 98 98 93 96 100 100 101 150 119 116 112	87 82 99 95 98 100 101 101 164 124 115	90 87 100 100 99 100 102 102 101 211 146 139 111	92 91 101 100 101 108 102 102 101 257 178 173 119

DATA SHEET 101A NUMBER 101A

SLIM FLOOR BEAM

DIMENSIONS AND PROPERTIES

Section	Dimensions	Depth	Width	Mass	Thic	kness	Elastic	Modulus	Plastic	Modulus	Moment	of Inertia
Serial Size and Type mm	and Properties	of Section mm	of Section mm	Per Metre kg	Web mm	Flange mm	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ⁴	Axis y-y cm4
203 x 203 Column	Nominal Actual	209.6 213	205.2 205	60 59.3	9.3 9.3	14.2 14.0	581.1 587.4	199.0 196.3	652.0 658.8	302.8 298.8	6088 6256	2041 2012
405 x 15 Plate	Nominal Actual	15.0 15.0	405 406	47.7 47.8								
UC & Plate Combined	Nominal (a) Actual (a)			107.9 107.6			670.7 676.6	514.6 514.7	839.5 847.2	925.3 923.7	10391 10666	10421 10448

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (PRODUCT ANALYSIS - Wt. %)

Product	Steel Quality	С	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Mo	Ni	v	Cu	Nb	Al	N
Column Plate	Fe 430 A Fe 430 A	0.17 0.18	0.18 0.31	0. 69 0.7 4	0.019 0.016		<0.02 <0.02	<0.005 0.007	0.04 0.02	<0.005 <0.006	0.03 <0.02	<0.005 <0.005		0.0097 0.0049

ROOM TEMPERATURE TENSILE PROPERTIES

Position	LYS	TS	Elong.
	N/mm²	N/mm²	%
Column	292	481	29.5
Plate	299	474	32.5

NOTES

(a) I		+1-0	mm fillet	14
(81) 1	nciuaine	une o	mm illiet	wera.

- (b) Initial ambient temperature = 17°C.
- (c) Based on an initial ambient temperature of 20°C.
- (d) Loads applied to both beam and blockwork were increased after 83 min.

TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 8th FEBRUARY 1991 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 52896

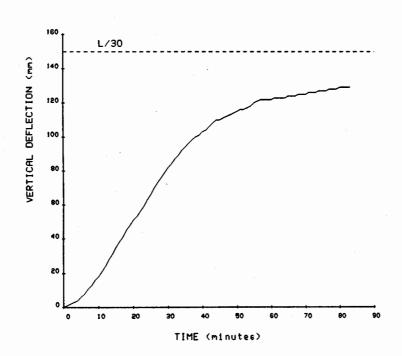
BS476: PARTS 20 & 21: 1987 RESULTS

TIME TO L/30 TIME TO L/9000D RE-LOAD TEST LOAD BEARING CAPACITY FIRE RESISTANCE

NOT ATTAINED NOT ATTAINED NOT CARRIED OUT 83 MINUTES 83 MINUTES

DATA SHEET 101B NUMBER

THERMOCOUPLE					. Т	EMPE	RATU	RE De	g. C	FTER	VAR	ious	TIME	S (MII	UTES	S)			-
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	40	50	60	70	80	83	90	100	116
Upper Flange	10	9	10	12	14	19	23	29	34	42	78	130	179	223	280	296	331	363	401
UF/Web Junction	10	10	11	13	17	22	29	37	44	52	104	164	214	260	308	334	373	423	453
Web																			
10 mm from UF 30 mm from UF 50 mm from UF Mid-Height 50 mm from LF 30 mm from LF 10 mm from LF	9 9 10 9 10 10	9 9 10 10 11 14 16	10 10 12 12 17 23 31	12 13 15 18 27 40 53	16 17 20 26 42 61 81	22 24 28 38 61 88 115	29 33 37 54 83 119 154	37 42 48 71 108 151 193	46 51 60 89 135 186 236	55 63 74 110 164 224 285	104 115 132 186 261 340 419	165 179 194 254 341 426 512	222 235 253 315 407 495 585	268 282 299 366 464 552 644	326 342 363 422 515 602 695	344 361 381 438 532 618 711	380 395 414 466 566 650 740	427 441 460 497 608 693 789	467 482 500 541 670 758 855
LF/Web Junction	11	19	37	64	97	135	177	220	269	324	468	564	639	697	752	768	796	847	907
Lower Flange					,				-										
B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	12 13 14	23 25 27	44 50 53	75 83 84	112 123 125	155 168 169	202 215 216	248 262 263	301 315 315	360 374 372	511 529 522	610 625 623	685 699 694	745 762 760	807 822 820	822 835 832	844 851 849	895 899 898	947 943 947
Plate		· · ·					:								*				
Mid-Width B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	55 55 61 49	108 106 113 96	171 166 174 154	235 229 237 216	305 297 303 283	365 357 362 342	416 409 413 394	469 462 466 449	518 512 519 500	553 549 559 542	659 660 671 661	752 753 764 754	812 815 833 818	854 860 880 869	889 897 913 907	893 901 916 912	915 922 933 929	976 980 990 986	1013 1015 1023 1021
Plate Extension					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •												***************************************		
x/3 from FL. Tip x/2 from FL. Tip 2x/3 from FL. Tip	48 74 51	105 135 107	165 198 175	227 264 241	294 330 312	353 390 374	407 442 428	464 498 486	520 555 544	568 602 592	691 718 710	773 804 793	848 874 865	897 914 907	929 939 935	929 938 934	941 950 945	996 1005 1000	1026 1032 1028
Fillet Weld	26	56	105	159	221	278	331	385	443	498	634	725	803	860	903	908	920	978	1013
Sand Infill	9	13	18	21	27	32	38	41	48	60	104	147	226	283	447	463	502	556	596
Furnace Gas (b) Standard Curve (c)	467 502	621 603	649 663	708 705	735 739	748 766	758 789	796 809	818 826	834 842	874 885	926 918	946 945	969 968	978 988	973 994	1003 1006	1037 1022	1049 1044
Deflection mm Deflection Rate mm/min	3 1	8 2	16 3	24 3	35 4	45 4	53 2	63 4	73 3	82 3	103 2	115 1	122 0	125 0	129 1	129 0	(d)		



DATA SHEET 102A

SLIM FLOOR BEAM

DIMENSIONS AND PROPERTIES

Section	Dimensions	Depth	Width	Mass	Thic	kness	Elastic	Modulus	Plastic	Modulus	Moment	of Inertia
Serial Size and Týpe mm	and Properties	of Section mm	of Section mm	Per Metre kg	Web mm	Flange mm	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ⁴	Axis y-y cm ⁴
254 x 254 Column	Nominal Actual	254.0 245	254.0 254	73 72.3	8.6 8.6	14.2 14.2	894.5 857.2	305.0 305.5	988.6 947.9	462.4 463.1	11360 10501	3873 3880
455 x 15 Plate	Nominal Actual	15.0 15.0	455 460	53.6 54.2								
UC & Plate Combined	Nominal (a) Actual (a)			127.0 127.0			1006 964.5	692.9 702.4	1225 1175	1248 1265	18533 17208	15762 16155

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (PRODUCT ANALYSIS - Wt. %)

Product	Steel Quality	С	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Mo	Ni	v	Cu	Nb	Al	N
Column	Fe 430 A	0.095	0.23	0.59	0.038	0.027	0.22	0.034	0.20	<0.005	0.58	<0.005	0.007	0.0140
Plate	Fe 430 A	0.18	0.30	0.73	0.015	0.010	<0.02	0.007	0.02	<0.005	<0.02	<0.005	0.065	0.0054

ROOM TEMPERATURE TENSILE PROPERTIES

Position	LYS	TS	Elong.
	N/mm²	N/mm²	%
Column	347	489	30.5
Plate	302	475	35.5

NOTES

	(a)	Including	the 8	mm	fillet	weld.
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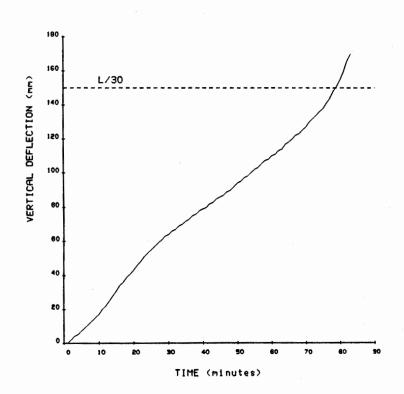
- (b) Initial ambient temperature = 17°C.
- (c) Based on an initial ambient temperature of 20°C.
- (d) Load applied to beam was removed and load applied to blockwork increased after 83 min.

TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTO TEST DATE: 14th FEBRUA TEST NUMBER: WFRC 52897 WARRINGTON RESEARCH 14th FEBRUARY 1991

BS476: PARTS 20 & 21: 1987 RESULTS

TIME TO L/30
TIME TO L/9000D
:
RE-LOAD TEST
LOAD BEARING CAPACITY:
FIRE RESISTANCE: 79 MINUTES NOT ATTAINED NOT CARRIED OUT 83 MINUTES 83 MINUTES DATA SHEET NUMBER 102B

THERMOCOUPLE					TI	EMPE	RATU	RE De	g. C	FTER	VAR	ious	TIME	S (MIN	NUTES	3)			
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	40	50	60	70	79	83	90	100	110
Upper Flange	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	27	37	46	51	54	59	66	73
UF/Web Junction	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	27	38	49	55	60	65	72	81
Web				-															
10 mm from UF 30 mm from UF 50 mm from UF Mid-Height 50 mm from LF 30 mm from LF 10 mm from LF	19 19 19 18 18 19	19 19 19 18 18 19	19 20 20 19 18 19 22	20 20 20 19 19 23 34	20 20 20 19 23 33 50	20 20 20 19 32 47 69	20 20 20 20 20 20 42 62 90	20 20 20 21 59 87 106	20 20 26 85 100 123	20 20 20 36 98 104 147	21 25 27 81 123 175 251	32 40 44 97 181 256 354	45 55 61 104 241 332 444	55 67 75 127 296 397 519	63 76 85 147 336 443 568	67 80 91 156 347 460 588	73 86 101 165 387 499 631	82 95 108 184 424 540 672	90 101 116 201 457 706
LF/Web Junction	19	19	25	40	59	81	105	121	151	180	298	411	511	592	644	664	712	755	789
Lower Flange																			***************************************
B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	20 18 19	21 25 34	-36 44 59	56 67 88	79 96 117	107 124 156	136 155 192	165 188 231	195 221 268	227 255 306	358 381 428	475 494 541	578 591 639	662 674 717	715 729 770	737 750 791	776 813 828	819 855 867	851 887 895
Plate																			,
Mid-Width B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	66 79 62 60	122 127 114 109	189 192 176 170	254 256 238 232	327 327 309 301	387 386 367 360	443 441 421 414	499 495 476 468	544 541 522 515	581 577 560 554	647 646 634 631	715 719 710 713	772 778 772 778	831 839 837 843	866 874 875 883	883 891 893 899	900 910 918 920	942 951 953 960	972 981 982 990
Plate Extension																			
x/3 from FL. Tip x/2 from FL. Tip 2x/3 from FL. Tip	97 63 74	147 116 131	211 178 199	269 238 263	334 306 336	386 364 394	437 417 448	487 471 503	532 519 550	570 560 591	666 663 690	753 747 770	830 837 853	892 892 911	921 921 935	934 934 947	954 956 965	983 984 992	1009 1008 1018
Fillet Weld	37	76	126	180	241	295	345	396	442	484	588	682	763	837	879	895	922	957	98
Furnace Gas (b) Standard Curve (c)	550 502	552 603	625 663	675 705	717 739	730 766	761 789	786 809	799 826	813 842	852 885	909 918	943 945	967 968	975 986	985 994	998 1006	1021 1022	103 103
Deflection mm Deflection Rate mm/min	4 2	9 2	15 2	22 2	31 3	39 3	46 3	53 2	59 2	64 1	79 1	94 2	110 2	127 2	151 3	170 4	(d)		



DATA SHEET 103A NUMBER 103A

SLIM FLOOR BEAM

DIMENSIONS AND PROPERTIES

Section	Dimensions	Depth	Width	Mass	Thic	kness	Elastic	Modulus	Plastic	Modulus	Moment	of Inertia
Serial Size and Type mm	and Properties	of Section mm	of Section mm	Per Metre kg	Web mm	Flange mm	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm³	Axis x-x cm ⁴	Axis y-y cm4
305 x 305 Column	Nominal Actual	365.3 368	321.8 320	283 281.2	26.9 27.3	44.1 43.7	4314 4314	1525 1495	5101 5100	2337 2293	78777 79378	24545 23920
525 x 15 Plate	Nominal Actual	15.0 16.95	525 525	61.8 69.9								
UC & Plate Combined	Nominal (a) Actual (a)	-		345.2 351.6			4716 4761	1631 1696	6027 6104	3381 3471	102316 105938	42803 44528

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (PRODUCT ANALYSIS - Wt. %)

Product	Steel Quality	С	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Мо	Ni	V	Cu	Nb	Al	N
Column Plate (b)	Fe 430 A Fe 430 A	0.16 0.12	0.28 0.33	1.00 0.94	0.023 0.014		0.15 0.02	<0.005 <0.005	0.02 <0.02	<0.005 <0.005	<0.02 <0.02		0.038 0.052	0.0070 0.0068

ROOM TEMPERATURE TENSILE PROPERTIES

Position	LYS N/mm ²	TS N/mm ²	Elong.
Column	284	474	34.0
Plate	279	439	35.0

NOTES

(a)	Including	the 8 mm	fillet weld.
14	TITULIANTILE	CITE O IIIII	IIIIet werd.

- (b) Manufactured by Huta Czestochowa, Poland.
- (c) Initial ambient temperature = 21°C.
- (d) Based on an initial ambient temperature of 20°C.
- (e) Load applied to the blockwork was removed after 90 min. Heating continued with load applied to beam only.

TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 7th AUGUST 1991 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 51883

BS476: PARTS 20 & 21: 1987 RESULTS

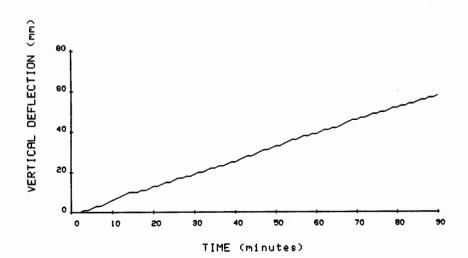
TIME TO L/30 TIME TO L2/9000D

: NOT ATTAINED : NOT ATTAINED

DATA SHEET NUMBER 103B

	FIRE RESISTANCE	<u>:</u>	90 MINUTES	j
	RE-LOAD TEST LOAD BEARING CAPACITY FIRE RESISTANCE	:	NOT CARRIED OUT 90 MINUTES	

THERMOCOUPLE					TE	MPER	ATU	RE De	g. C	AFTE	R VAI	RIOUS	S TIM	ES (M	IINUT	ES)			
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
Upper Flange	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	30	38	49	59	66	72	80	86	94
UF/Web Junction	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	30	38	48	59	67	76	85	94	103
Web																			
Mid-height of exposed portion 10 mm above concrete 10 mm below concrete Mid-distance TC11 to top	28 28 28	28 28 28	28 28 28	28 28 28	29 29 29	29 29 29	29 29 29	29 29 31	29 33 36	30 37 42	45 64 75	60 85 97	77 110 126	95 134 153	111 157 179	128 180 204	143 201 228	158 221 249	172 239 269
of concrete 50 mm from LF 30 mm from LF 10 mm from LF	28 28 28 27	28 28 28 27	28 28 28 27	28 28 29 33	29 32 38 47	29 40 49 60	34 50 61 74	40 58 70 85	45 67 82 99	52 79 95 114	94 109 131 167	116 171 204 246	156 223 263 313	189 267 313 370	220 306 358 422	249 345 403 475	277 382 445 524	303 415 482 563	326 443 512 594
LF/Web Junction	27	27	33	44	64	83	96	115	135	156	225	306	381	445	504	564	617	660	689
Lower Flange					*****			-											
B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	27 27 27	27 27 28	34 36 41	45 50 62	62 67 83	83 90 105	101 115 131	125 138 156	147 161 180	169 186 205	246 271 290	330 361 374	405 436 448	471 503 513	531 566 573	592 632 637	647 687 692	690 727 733	718 754 758
Plate															-				
Mid-Width B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/4 from C/L (1500 mm) B/4 overall B/3 from C/L	55 53 50 54 51 48	106 103 95 102 98 94	171 171 151 167 157 154	231 232 192 231 208 206	291 290 258 294 272 263	334 340 326 356 338 322	388 385 385 407 394 369	450 439 436 455 444 413	503 490 486 503 493 458	545 530 527 544 534 497	640 619 620 642 629 592	687 669 669 697 680 645	726 718 713 735 722 694	759 764 749 771 757 735	792 803 778 812 791 766	819 840 806 848 823 795	834 846 827 864 842 816	888 906 885 912 895 867	904 922 910 916 912 893
Plate Extension																			
x/3 from FL. Tip x/2 from FL. Tip x/2 from FL. Tip (930 mm) x/2 from FL. Tip (1500 mm) x/2 overall 2x/3 from FL. Tip	23	98 107 105 94 103 114	157 173 169 155 167 182	209 229 227 210 223 241	264 286 284 263 279 300	316 344 341 317 335 356	360 393 392 365 385 403	402 440 439 409 431 447	446 488 488 454 478 495	484 530 530 496 520 536	590 641 642 608 632 645	667 714 717 690 708 720	725 770 777 749 766 779	781 827 836 809 824 835	833 877 886 860 875 886	879 918 924 904 916 928	906 942 943 925 937 947	950 986 984 966 980 988	955 986 983 966 979 986
Fillet Weld	33	59	97	136	178	221	260	295	333	36 7	465	543	608	666	720	773	817	866	886
Cavity	27	27	31	34	35	33	34	38	39	40	45	54	60	64	74	84	94	108	117
Furnace Gas (c) Standard Curve (d)	465 502	572 603	664 663	680 705	727 739	752 7 66	764 789	797 809	824 826	839 842	888 885	923 918	954 945	984 968	1006 988	1026 1006	1000 1022	1045 1036	1043 1049
Deflection mm Deflection Rate mm/min	1	3 1	5	8	10 0	11 0	13 0	15 0	17 0	19 1	25 0	33 1	39 0	46	52 0	58 1	(e)		



TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 7th AUGUST 1991 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 51883

SHEET NUMBER 103C

THERMOCOUPLE			,		TEN	IPER.	ATUR	RE De	g. C /	AFTE	R VA	RIOU	S TIM	IES (1	UNIN	TES)			
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
Concrete																			
CCA1	29	29	29	29	29	29	34	39	51	90	99	101	106	159	198	240	286	329	367
CCB1	27	27	27	27	28	28	32	36	41	46	74	92	104	132	166	198	238	277	314
CCA2	27	27	27	27	28	28	32	36	45	97	99	101	101	101	153	200	236	269	303
CCB2	27	27	27	27	28	28	30	33	38	43	61	80	101	104	133	165	188	212	240
CCA3	29	29	29	29	29	34	41	49	61	87	98	101	102	103	119	182	226	261	294
CCB3	27	27	27	27	28	30	37	44	50	57	76	97	102	107	139	165	186	215	245
CCA4	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	31	44	92	98	103	114	133	153	178	208	239
CCB4	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	28	30	49	66	80	99	110	122	138	154	176
CCA5	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	28	29	92	97	99	100	102	105	119	135	148
CCB5	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	28	28	37	52	72	87	101	107	119	130	138
CCA6	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	30	35	42	99	100	101	101	102	102	108	126	142
CCB6	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	30	35	52	67	82	91	99	106	111	119	131
CCA7	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	92	98	100	101	103	111	124	140	158
CCB7	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	28	28	39	59	73	84	100	108	116	125	139
CCA8	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	28	28	73	90	94	96	98	100	98	103	110
CCB8	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	38	53	70	80	92	101	104	109
CCA9	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	28	30	76	94	96	98	98	99	90	96	104
CCB9	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	28	28	36	51	63	78	83	91	99	103	105

DATA SHEET 104A NUMBER 104A

SLIM FLOOR BEAM

DIMENSIONS AND PROPERTIES

Section	Dimensions	Depth	Width	Mass	Thic	kness	Elastic	Modulus	Plastic	Modulus	Moment	of Inertia
Serial Size and Type mm	and Properties	of Section mm	of Section mm	Per Metre kg	Web	Flange mm	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ⁴	Axis y-y cm ⁴
152 x 152 Column	Nominal Actual	157.5 160	152.9 152	30 29.5	6.6 6.6	9.4 9.1	221.2 219.7	73.06 70.14	247.1 245.3	111.2 106.9	1742 1757	558.0 533.1
355 x 15 Plate	Nominal Actual	15.0 15.0	355 358	41.8 42.2								
UC & Plate Combined	Nominal (a) Actual (a)			72.4 72.1			265.2 262.9	348.9 352.4	341.0 338.9	589.3 592.6	3422 3463	6193 6308

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (PRODUCT ANALYSIS - Wt. %)

Product	Steel Quality	С	Si	Mn	P	s	Cr	Mo	Ni	v	Cu	Nb	Al	N
Column	Fe 510 B	0.17	0.01	1.52	0.015	0.017	<0.02	<0.005	0.02	<0.005	<0.02	0.032	<0.005	
Plate	Fe 510 B	0.11	0.36	1.34	0.018	0.008	0.02	<0.005	0.02	<0.005	<0.02	0.030	0.043	

ROOM TEMPERATURE TENSILE PROPERTIES

Position	LYS	TS	Elong.
	N/mm²	N/mm²	%
Column	439	550	26.0
Plate	413	539	33.5

NOTES

(a)	Including	the 8 mm	i fillet we	ld.

- (b) Initial ambient temperature = 20°C.
- (c) Based on an initial ambient temperature of 20°C.
- (d) Loads applied to both beam and blockwork were increased after 69 min.
- (*) Data considered to be unreliable.

TEST CENTRE : TEST DATE :

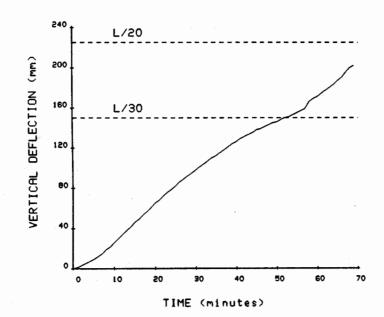
TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 30th OCTOBER 1991 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 54278

BS476:PARTS 20 & 21:1987 RESULTS

TIME TO L/30 : 52 MINUTES
TIME TO L/9000D : NOT ATTAINED
RE-LOAD TEST : NOT CARRIED OUT
LOAD BEARING CAPACITY : 69 MINUTES
FIRE RESISTANCE : 69 MINUTES

DATA SHEET 104B NUMBER

THERMOCOUPLE					. TE	MPER	ATUF	E De	g. C A	FTE	R VAF	RIOUS	TIM	ES (M	INUT	ES)			
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	35	40	45	52	5 5	60	65	69	72
Upper Flange	17	18	19	20	25	31	37	46	54	62	71	80	92	111	120	133	149	166	184
UF/Web Junction	17	19	21	23	26	30	37	45	53	59	66	73	80	97	106	121	144	162	186
Web																			
Mid-Height of Exposed Portion 10 mm above concrete 10 mm below concrete 50 mm from LF 30 mm from LF 10 mm from LF	18 18 18 18 18 21	18 18 19 20 26 34	20 22 26 28 39 57	25 31 38 41 61 89	32 41 52 56 84 120	41 54 69 78 108 155	51 70 92 99 135 194	64 89 110 120 165 235	77 106 127 142 196 276	88 117 143 165 224 315	105 139 173 203 272 377	122 164 203 240 317 438	141 188 234 279 365 499	166 218 270 322 414 553	177 229 284 338 431 573	195 247 306 364 460 603	216 264 325 387 485 630	234 280 342 405 505 653	257 294 355 418 519 665
LF/Web Junction	40	68	107	149	202	252	300	347	392	435	500	556	602	666	689	717	744	769	784
Lower Flange	20	~-	104	140	100	050	<u>~~</u>	047	~~1	405	F01	==0	207	270	~				
B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	38 39 42	65 69 74	104 113 117	146 161 166	199 215 221	250 268 273	299 319 323	347 369 372	391 415 418	435 458 436	501 520 528	558 578 586	628 636	670 684 697	691 703 718	720 731 749	748 757 776	776 783 801	791 801 818
Plate																			
Mid-Width B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/4 from C/L (1500 mm) B/4 overall B/3 from C/L	72 57 70 55 62 57	120 95 118 94 106 98	169 142 174 144 159 146	219 189 229 197 213 198	269 247 286 249 267 254	322 301 342 302 322 309	370 351 398 352 375 361	417 399 448 400 424 410	464 445 495 445 470 456	505 488 538 486 512 500	569 553 597 539 568 565	621 607 642 591 617 621	663 650 690 632 661 666	726 713 744 687 715 727	748 735 761 708 734 747	773 763 788 735 761 778	803 791 813 759 786 806	829 819 839 787 813 834	845 836 855 803 829 849
Plate Extension																			
x/3 from FL. Tip x/2 from FL. Tip x/2 from FL. Tip (930 mm) x/2 from FL. Tip (1500 mm) x/2 overall 2x/3 from FL. Tip	52 69 57 59 63 61	97 124 106 105 113 117	153 186 165 165 174 180	213 248 225 224 234 245	274 308 284 279 292 308	334 368 342 334 351 370	390 426 399 387 407 430	445 480 454 440 461 485	494 529 502 487 509 534	540 573 547 530 553 579	606 636 613 594 618 643	665 692 672 653 675 698	712 735 717 701 720 741	764 782 769 752 769 794	786 803 791 772 791 815	818 831 823 804 821 843	843 855 848 830 846 866	871 883 876 858 874 894	885 897 891 873 888 906
Fillet Weld	31	56	92	130	172	219	267	315	361	405	475	537	587	647	668	700	726	751	767
Cavity	18	22	23	24	29	34	45	51	55	68	70	73	78	96	99	100	120	139	186
Furnace Gas (b) Standard Curve (c)	449 502	568 603	623 663	670 705	696 739	729 766	762 789	776 809	793 826	818 842	836 865	869 885	892 902	917 924	927 932	930 945	952 957	972 966	971 973
Defection mm Deflection Rate mm/min	5 2	12 3	22 3	34 4	46 4	57 4	68 3	79 3	89 3	98 3	112 2	126 2	138 3	150 2	155 2	171 2	187 4	202 2	



TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 31st OCTOBER 1991 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 54278

DATA SHEET NUMBER 104C

THERMOCOUPLE					TEM	IPER.	ATUR	E De	g. C	AFTE!	R VA	RIOU	S TIM	IES (1	UNIN	TES)			
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	35	40	45	52	55	60	65	69	72
Concrete																			
CCA1	19	22	34	52	73	94	102	111	129	155	203	252	306	368	390	425	457	482	501
CCB1	19	22	32	47	65	85	100	105	120	143	189	240	293	358	382	416	447	471	488
CCA2 CCB2	•	:	•	:	*	*	•	*	*	:	*	:	•	:	•	:	*		:
CCA3	21	37	58	82	102	116	145	173	205	239	295	350	401	463	487	524	559	586	606
CCB3	19	23	35	54	76	97	101	108	126	148	190	236	281	338	359	392	422	445	463
CCA4	19	19	21	29	41	56	75	99	101	102	103	123	161	214	232	263	293	317	336
CCB4	19	19	20	25	34	47	65	85	97	101	102	117	147	192	210	241	270	292	309
CCA5	19	19	22	30	41	55	74	93	101	102	103	119	156	208	227	258	288	312	330
CCB5	18	18	19	24	34	46	63	84	94	100	101	111	136	176	192	219	247	268	284
CCA6	19	24	34	43	56	75	93	101	101	106	132	171	211	265	287	322	357	384	404
CCB6	18	18	20	30	44	60	77	89	94	97	101	110	129	169	185	211	237	258	273
CCA7 CCB7	18	18	18	20	25	* 32	46	72	87	93	99	102	113	137	146	167	191	211	226
CCA8	19	19	20	25	33	43	57	77	99	101	102	102	119	159	174	200	227	251	270
CCB8	18	18	18	20	25	33	53	86	94	97	100	101	106	134	146	164	186	203	217
CCA9 CCB9	19	22	30	38	46	55	72 •	91	97	99	104	126	153	199	219	252	286	313	333

DATA SHEET NUMBER 105A

SLIM FLOOR BEAM

DIMENSIONS AND PROPERTIES

Section	Dimensions	Depth	Width	Mass	Thic	kness	Elastic	Modulus	Plastic	Modulus	Moment	of Inertia
Serial Size and Type mm	and Properties	of Section mm	of Section mm	Per Metre kg	Web mm	Flange mm	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ⁴	Axis y-y cm4
254 x 254 Column	Nominal Actual	254.0 254	254.0 256	73 70.0	8.6 8.9	14.2 13.2	894.5 854.5	305.0 288.5	988.6 944.3	462.4 438.1	11360 10852	3873 3693
460 x 15 Plate	Nominal Actual	15.0 15.1	460 458	54.2 54.3			\$:
UC & Plate Combined	Nominal (a) Actual (a)			127.6 124.8			1006 964.7	702.4 694.0	1226 1182	1265 1238	18578 17946	16155 15892

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (PRODUCT ANALYSIS - Wt. %)

Product	Steel Quality	С	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Мо	Ni	v	Cu	Nb	Al	N
Column (b)	Fe 430 A	0.20	0.26	0.58	0.027	0.021	0.05	0.005	0.04	<0.005	0.06	<0.005	0.050	0.0057
Plate (c)	Fe 430 A	0.14	0.27	0.94	0.024	0.022	0.11	0.016	0.06	<0.005	0.08	<0.005	0.016	0.0046

ROOM TEMPERATURE TENSILE PROPERTIES

Position	LYS	TS	Elong.
	N/mm²	N/mm²	%
Column	307	486	35.0
Plate	317	472	35.5

NOTES

(a)	Including	the 8	mm fille	t weld.

- (b) Manufactured by Unimetal, France.
- (c) Manufactured by Huta Czestochowa, Poland.
- (d) Initial ambient temperature = 15°C
- (e) Based on an initial ambient temperature of 20°C.
- (*) Data considered to be unreliable.

TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 4th NOVEMBER 1992 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 56867

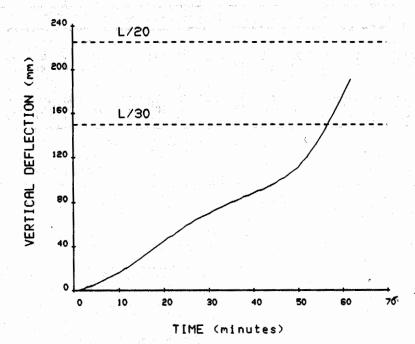
BS476: PARTS 20 & 21: 1987 RESULTS

TIME TO L/30 : 56 MINUTES
TIME TO L/9000D : 62 MINUTES
RE-LOAD TEST : NOT CARRIED OUT
LOAD BEARING CAPACITY : 62 MINUTES
FIRE RESISTANCE : 62 MINUTES

DATA SHEET NUMBER 105B

	TEMPERATURE Deg. C AFTER VARIOUS TIMES (MINUTES)																			
THERMOCOUPLE LOCATION		3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 35 40 45 50 56 62 70 80 90															90			
Upper Flange	Mean A17, B17 D17 E17	23 23 23	23 24 23	24 24 23	24 24 23	24 24 23	24 24 23	24 26 23	24 31 23	27 36 23	34 41 25	46 50 35	64 58 43	70 66 53	73	77 88 92	86 100	96 101	99 102	90 109 109
UF/Web Junction	Mean A16, B16 Mean C16, D16 E16	24 23 23	24 24 23	25 24 23	25 24 23	25 24 23	25 27 23	25 31 23	34 36 23	46 43 30	57 49 40	73 57 54	84 63 70	86 70 85	89	93 93 90 98	98 97 100	100 102 100	101 102 109 101	10 12 10
Web, Between Duct and UF	D15	23	23	27	30	36	41	48	56	63	68	78	81	86	91	96	101	121	143	16
Web, Mid Height of Section	Mean A12, B12 E12	24 23	25 23	25 23	25 23	25 23	60 25	97 89	102 100	102 101	104 101	116 101	133 109	144 120	146 134	160 146	179 157	200 174	219 190	23 21
Web Between Centre Ducts	Mean W5, W8 Mean W6, W7 Mean W1, W4 Mean W2, W3	25 25 24 24	26 25 24 25	31 25 24 25	38 29 24 25	53 39 32 30	97 98 96 84	102 100 99 100	102 101 100 101	107 103 101 101	119 108 103 103	147 139 124 121	152 125 111 124	167 134 115 126	184 145 106	207 186	238 218 180 178	275 253 213 206	311 286 240 229	34 31 26 24
Web, 50 mm From LF	Mean A11, B11 E11	23 23	24 23	24 23	35 27	46 40	63 87	94 98	100 100	108 101	142 102	198 139	239 188	269 207	305 210		369 304	408 340	444 387	47
Web, 30 mm From LF	Mean A10, B10 E10	24 23	25 23	29 24	53 36	67 58	74 94	98 99	112 100	149 111	195 141	255 203	308 259	374 291	407 309	447 355	395	436	496	
Web, 10 mm From LF	Mean A9, B9 Mean C9, D9 E9	24 23 23	25 27 23	40 44 32	73 67 51	90 103 84	93 128 98	104 165 103	137 208 104	197 256	247 303 182	320 382 258	384 462 326	440 531	479 587	534 646	581 692 511	733 556	796 629	88
LF/Web Junction	A8 Mean C8, D8 E8	23 23 23	23 26 23	38 44 34	68 68 54	98 102 90	99 132 101	115 172 103	176 216 106	237 264 140	286 313 192	358 393 268	424 473 341	480 544 392	601	660	623 707 531	748 576	814 650	8
Flange Between Centre Ducts	Mean F1, F4	23	29	49	86	112	144	186	235	285	331	401	468	526	578	634	685	733	785	8
LF B/6 From C/L	Mean A7, B7 Mean C7, D7 E7	24 23 23	27 31 27	45 53 47	85 80 72	102 114 102	105 152 118	116 195 117	165 241 137	221 292 189	270 342 242	348 425 314	419 509 395	482 578 455	634		659 734 599	785 642	850 714	7
LF B/3 From C/L	Mean A6, B6 Mean C6, D6 E6	24 23 23	41 43 42	72 75 78	107 103 100	144 146 129	174 192 170	199 239 199	271 289 234	329 340 276	379 391 321	453 472 392	520 555 469	575 618 528			707 765 660	754 820 699	806 878 761	8 9 8
Plate, Mid Width	Mean A5, B5 Mean C5, D5 E5	68 72 70	135 140 124		239 287 251	332 354 302	426 434 372	495 498 444	552 555 505		636 638 594	682 685 646	715 717 676	741 746 700			807 838 767	843 884 815	893 919 834	
Plate, B/6 From C/L	Mean A4, B4 D4 E4	69 81 87	139 146 151	211 216 211	260 289 269	342 360 336	430 433 399	496 494 460	554 549 519	596	639 634 607	686 683 661	720 716 693	748 750 721	766 773 745	794 814 768	822 845 790	862 894 836	907 929 855	
Plate, B/3 From C/L	Mean A3, B3 Mean C3, D3 E3	66 80 64	125 138 108	190 202 159	255 274 220	327 347 290	404 416 354	468 477 416	526 535 475	584	617 625 569	669 679 627	708 719 664	740 754 699		824	825 856 783	867 907 830	912 941 853	9
Plate Extension, x/3 From Flange Tip	Mean A2, B2 Mean C2, D2 E2	66 66 47	122 117 90	180 173 136	244 237 190	315 306 249	385 375 310	445 440 371	504 502 429	559 561 484	606 610 533	670 678 602	719 732 658	757 774 706		833 862 782	864 893 815	906 932 859	935 959 895	
Plate Extension, 2x/3 From Flange Tip	Mean A1, B1 Mean C1, D1 E1	87 60		159		269		479 388	543 450	507	650 558	716 629		732	766	812		887	921	ç
Services Duct	Mean Duct 1, Duct 2	319	358	417	456	496	528	533	559	547	573	572	596	620	631	641	663	686		
Furnace Gas (d) Standard Curve (e)		480 502	565 603	623 663	665 705		748 766	768 789	801 809	824 826	840 842	863 865	883 885							
Deflection Deflection Rate	mm mm/min	3 2		14 2	21 2	30 3		48 3	56 3	64 3	70 2	80 2	88 2	97 2		144 6				

DATA SHEET 105C



TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 4th NOVEMBER 1992 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 56867

SHEET NUMBER 105D

THERMOCOUPLE	TEMPERATURE Deg. C AFTER VARIOUS TIMES (MINUTES)																		
LOCATION	. 3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	35	40	45	50	56	62	70	80	90
Concrete at Mid-Span																			
C/C 1 C/C 2 C/C 3 C/C 4	23 23	23 23	24 24	24 24	24 24	24 24	24 24	24 26	26 32	32 37	40 46	48 55	56 63	64 71	71 79	77 85	83 92	91 100	97 102
C/C 4 C/C 5 C/C 6 C/C 7	23 25	23 25	24 25	24 25	24 25 *	26 28	32 33	38 39	45 46	52 54	62 85	72 107	81 112	91 112	103 109	107 109	110 117	122 163	152 217

DATA SHEET 106A NUMBER 106A

INDICATIVE SLIM FLOOR BEAM

DIMENSIONS AND PROPERTIES

Section	Dimensions Depth Width Mass		Thickness		Elastic	Modulus	Plastic	Modulus	Moment of Inertia			
Serial Size and Type mm	and Properties	of Section mm	of Section mm	Per Metre kg	Web mm	Flange mm	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ³	Axis y-y cm ³	Axis x-x cm ⁴	Axis y-y cm4
152 x 152 Column	Nominal Actual	157.5 158	152.9 152	30 29.7	6.6 6.6	9.4 9.25	221.2 219.0	73.06 71.30	247.1 244.6	111.2 108.6	1742 1730	558.0 541.9
355 x 15 Plate	Nominal Actual	15.0 15.2	355 360	41.8 43.0								
UC & Plate Combined	Nominal (a) Actual (a)			72.4 73.1			265.2 262.4	348.9 360.6	341.0 338.7	589.3 606.1	3422 3422	6193 6491

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION (PRODUCT ANALYSIS - Wt. %)

Product	Steel Quality	С	Si	Mn	P	s	Cr	Mo	Ni	v	Cu	NЪ	Al	N
Column Plate	Fe 510 B Fe 510 B	0.17 0.13	0.02 0.36	1.43 1.39	0.015 0.016	0.015 0.007		<0.005 <0.005	0.02 0.02	<0.005 <0.005	0.01 0.01	0.032 0.031		0.0025 0.0050

ROOM TEMPERATURE TENSILE PROPERTIES

Position	LYS	TS	Elong.
	N/mm²	N/mm²	%
Column	420	561	29.5
Plate	402	545	32.5

NOTES

_				
(a)	Including	the 8 r	nm fillet	weld.

- (b) Initial ambient temperature = 21°C.
- (c) Based on an initial ambient temperature of 20°C.
- (*) Data considered to be unreliable.

TEST CONDITIONS

TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 31st JULY 1991 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 51884

INDICATIVE SLIM FLOOR BEAM

FURNACE TYPE : FLOOR FURNACE POSITION IN FURNACE : FULL LENGTH MEMBER

DATA SHEET NUMBER 106B

THERMOCOUPLE				**.	TE	MPER	ATUF	≀E De	g. C A	FTEI	R VAF	RIOUS	TIM	ES (M	INUT	ES)			
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	70	80	88
Upper Flange	25	27	32	36	41	48	57	60	64	70	89	108	125	140	153	165	194	247	407
UF/Web Junction	25	29	37	42	49	57	69	71	74	82	104	127	147	163	176	189	217	261	370
Web																			
Mid-Height of Exposed Portion 10 mm above concrete 10 mm below concrete 50 mm from LF 30 mm from LF 10 mm from LF	27 26 27 27 27 27 29	32 28 28 29 34 46	40 36 38 41 50 74	47 46 52 57 71 108	58 59 68 76 96 148	73 76 88 100 118 189	90 96 112 126 150 234	94 113 133 151 182 281	100 125 149 172 209 319	116 140 167 193 239 363	148 170 199 232 290 426	176 196 229 267 335 477	198 217 254 297 373 521	216 237 277 323 408 556	232 254 299 346 437 584	248 271 318 366 463 609	278 304 357 404 510 653	318 345 398 438 551 694	395 407 448 470 591 734
LF/Web Junction	45	74	119	167	218	267	323	370	412	465	527	580	627	663	688	708	755	802	84
Lower Flange																			
B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/3 from C/L	52 46 49	85 79 81	135 130 130	187 185 182	241 242 236	292 296 286	351 356 344	398 405 392	442 447 436	497 500 491	560 561 557	612 612 612	660 656 659	696 686 695	721 710 720	742 731 744	792 780 796	844 828 849	88 86 88
Plate													-						
Mid-Width B/6 from C/L B/4 from C/L B/4 from C/L (1500 mm) B/4 overall B/3 from C/L	62 78 64 57 60 61	99 119 105 92 99 98	153 177 165 144 154 153	207 231 226 196 211 208	260 284 285 251 268 264	312 333 341 303 322 316	374 393 409 363 390 378	416 435 453 408 435 423	461 479 498 451 479 469	514 534 552 502 532 524	574 592 606 561 588 586	624 641 655 607 636 639	671 688 698 652 680 686	707 723 727 688 712 721	732 747 747 717 735 747	751 767 764 737 753 772	801 815 809 776 796 824	851 863 855 823 842 875	89 90 89 86 86 91
Plate Extension																			
x/3 from FL. Tip x/2 from FL. Tip x/2 from FL. Tip (930 mm) x/2 from FL. Tip (1500 mm) x/2 overall 2x/3 from FL. Tip	60 67 67 82 71 70	103 116 117 128 119 120	167 184 183 190 185 190	226 250 246 251 249 254	287 315 309 313 312 319	344 374 368 370 371 379	413 444 437 434 439 451	464 493 487 476 486 499	509 534 528 516 527 541	567 593 585 572 584 603	632 653 648 631 645 668	684 699 696 682 693 715	723 732 730 720 728 748	751 757 758 746 754 780	781 785 785 771 781 811	810 812 811 797 807 839	861 858 858 843 853 887	905 900 900 887 896 925	90 90 90 90 90 90
Fillet Weld	41	71	116	165	217	266	323	375	417	472	539	593	638	781	696	721	770	819	8
Cavity	25	36	45	55	65	86	101	57	58	98	133	146	+	+	•	+	+	•	
Furnace Gas (b) Standard Curve (c)	497 502	589 603	668 663	710 705	729 739	762 766	905 789	755 809	821 826	852 842	863 865	886 885	901 902	918 918	930 932	943 945	970 968	992 988	10 10

TEST CENTRE: WARRINGTON RESEARCH TEST DATE: 31st JULY 1992 TEST NUMBER: WFRC 51884

DATA SHEET NUMBER 106C

THERMOCOUPLE					TEN	IPER.	ATUR	E De	g. C /	FTE	R VA	RIOU	S TIM	ies (1	UNIN	TES)			
LOCATION	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	70	80	88
Concrete																		-	
CCA1	26	26	29	39	56	87	97	96	97	101	114	148	182	217	252	285	349	409	463
CCB1	26	32	48	70	96	104	126	158	193	235	305	363	411	455	491	520	569	618	658
CCA2	26	33	51	75	87	98	122	135	164	208	268	322	373	421	463	498	565	632	692
CCB2	26	30	45	66	90	99	106	133	165	196	258	301	348	395	436	469	524	582	629
CCA3	26	33	52	75	94	101	130	163	186	215	273	329	382	430	472	509	576	638	690
CCB3	26	28	40	60	81	96	100	120	141	164	211	254	309	357	394	425	480	535	582
CCA4	26	26	33	51	81	99	100	97	99	111	158	211	263	310	350	384	448	510	571
CCB4	26	26	29	40	65	95	96	92	100	114	153	203	247	295	335	367	422	478	539
CCA5	26	26	33	50	70	87	96	91	94	102	125	169	220	270	311	347	413	483	552
CCB5	26	26	27	37	54	74	88	97	99	100	109	126	159	210	256	289	345	401	452
CCA6	26	26	36	49	64	86	99	101	103	107	147	185	230	277	319	356	421	484	536
CCB6	26	26	29	40	55	70	83	93	97	101	106	124	177	219	255	284	336	387	431
CCA7	26	33	50	79	96	105	117	183	223	263	334	395	449	497	534	567	627	690	744
CCB7	26	26	26	29	37	82	93	82	86	99	100	105	132	168	201	232	292	348	410
CCA8 CCB8	26	26	* 26	26	33	48	6 5	* 76	* 77	9 9	100	100	100	107	* 140	166	218	* 277	328
CCA9	26	26	31	40	52	66	86	97	97	100	100	137	164	203	243	278	340	402	456
CCB9	26	26	26	28	36	50	67	69	69	79	96	97	100	112	135	157	207	261	310

APPENDIX 2

LOAD CALCULATION SUMMARY SHEETS

A2.1 TEST WFRC 50521: NON-COMPOSITE SLIM FLOOR BEAM

A2.1.1 Geometry

Figures 1, 2 and 5 give relevant details.

A2.1.2 **Material Properties**

(a) Steel

The steel grade for both beam and plate was specified as Fe 430 A. See data sheet 99A in Appendix 1 for measured properties.

Concrete **(b)**

The maximum moisture content of the concrete, measured on the day of the test, was found to be 4.7%. The characteristic strength of the concrete was accepted as being 60 N/mm² and the density as 1200 kg/m³. (50% of normal weight concrete, viz 2400 kg/m³).

A2.1.3 **Load Calculations**

Locate PNA A2.1.3.1

The balance of yield strengths and areas reveals that the PNA is located in the lower flange of the UC section at a distance of 0.912 mm from the upper face.

A2.1.3.2 Assess M_p

Calculations involving the force, (material strength x element areas), multiplied by the lever arm about the PNA reveal that the plastic moment of resistance of the section is 510.7 kN m.

A2.1.3.3 **Assess Applied Moment**

(a)	UC Section and Plate dead load moment Mds	$=4.075\mathrm{kN}\;\mathrm{m}$
(b)	Concrete Slab dead load moment M _{dc}	= 9.11 kN m
(c)	Sand fill dead load moment	= Negligible by Inspection
(d)	Imposed live load moment	
	437 141 1	A

4 No. point loads arranged symmetrically about centre span

= 267.3 kN m**Total Applied Moment** = 280.5 kN m

A2.1.3.4 **Assess Local Buckling Classification**

(a) Flange outstand:

$$b/T = 258.3/(20.5 \times 2)$$
 = 6.3
6.3 < 9.2, ... Class 1

(b) Web (subject to compression throughout)

$$d/t_w = 200.2/13.0$$
 = 15.4
15.4 < 30.5, ... Class 1

Therefore the section is Class 1 for local buckling (c)

A2.1.3.5 Assess LTB Resistance Moment (BS5950: Pt. 1: 1990)

This calculation was based upon the assumption that the loading positions do not offer any lateral restraint to the compression flange of the beam:

 $M_b = 408 \text{ kN m}$

A2.1.3.6 Load Ratios

(a) Assuming load points as positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.55

(b) Assuming load points do not provide positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.69

A2.2 TEST WFRC 50522 : COMPOSITE SLIM FLOOR BEAM

A2.2.1 Geometry

Figures 6, 7 and 9 give relevant details.

A2.2.2 Material Properties

(a) Steel

The steel grade for both beam and plate was specified as Fe 430 A. See data sheet 100A in Appendix 1 for measured properties.

(b) Concrete

The maximum moisture content of the concrete, measured on the day of the test, was found to be 4.1%. The characteristic strength of the concrete was accepted as being 35 N/mm^2 and its density as 2400 kg/m^3 .

A2.2.3 Load Calculations

A2.2.3.1 Locate PNA

The balance of yield strengths and areas reveals that the PNA is located at a distance of 255.8 mm from the top of the concrete slab.

A2.2.3.2 Assess M_p

Calculations involving the force, (material strength x element areas), multiplied by the lever arm about the PNA reveal that the plastic moment of resistance of the section is 799 kN m.

A2.2.3.3 Assess Applied Moment

(a)	UC Section and Plate dead load moment M _{ds}	= 3.44 KN III
(b)	Concrete Slab dead load moment Mdc	$= 36.45 \mathrm{kN} \;\mathrm{m}$
(c)	Sand fill dead load moment	= Not applicable

(d) Imposed live load moment

8 No. point loads arranged symmetrically about centre span

 M_{max} = 426.9 kN m Total Applied Moment = 466.79 kN m

- 2 44 I-NI ---

A2.2.3.4 Load Ratio

Assuming load points as positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.58

A2.3 TEST WFRC 52896: NON-COMPOSITE SLIM FLOOR BEAM

A2.3.1 Geometry

Figures 10, 11 and 12 gives relevant details.

A2.3.2 Material Properties

(a) Steel

The steel grade for both beam and plate was specified as Fe 430 A. See data sheet 101A in Appendix 1 for measured properties.

(b) Concrete

The maximum moisture contents of the sand and precast concrete blocks, measured on the day of the test, were found to be 1.5% and 1.9% respectively. The measured density of the precast concrete blocks was $1870 \, \text{kg/m}^3$.

A2.3.3 Load Calculations

A2.3.3.1 Locate PNA

The balance of yield strengths and areas reveals that the PNA is located in the lower flange of the UC section at a distance of 10.7 mm from the upper face.

A2.3.3.2 Assess M_D

Calculations involving the force, (material strength x element areas), multiplied by the lever arm about the PNA reveal that the plastic moment of resistance of the section is 245.13 kN m.

A2.3.3.3 Assess Applied Moment

(a)	UC Section and Plate dead load moment M _{ds}	$= 2.7 \mathrm{kN} \mathrm{m}$
(b)	Concrete Slab dead load moment M _{dc}	= 4.05 kN m

(c) Sand fill dead load moment = included in concrete dead load

(d) Imposed live load moment

6 No. point loads arranged symmetrically about centre span

 M_{max} = 119.9 kN m Total Applied Moment = 126.65 kN m

A2.3.3.4 Assess Local Buckling Classification

(a) Flange outstand:

$$(b/2)/T = 102.5/14$$
 = 7.32
7.32 < 9.2. : Class 1

(b) Web (subject to compression throughout)

$$d/t_w = 160.8/9.3$$

17.3 < 30.5, .. Class 1

(c) Therefore the section is Class 1 for local buckling.

A2.3.3.5 Assess LTB Resistance Moment (BS5950: Pt. 1: 1990)

This calculation was based upon the assumption that the loading positions do not offer any lateral restraint to the compression flange of the beam:

 $M_b = 137.6 \, kN \, m$

A2.3.3.6 Load Ratios

(a) Assuming load points as positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.516

(b) Assuming load points do not provide positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.920

A2.4 TEST WFRC 52897: NON-COMPOSITE SLIM FLOOR BEAM

A2.4.1 Geometry

Figures 13 and 14 give relevant details.

A2.4.2 Material Properties

(a) Steel

The steel grade for both beam and plate was specified as Fe 430 A. See data sheet 102A in Appendix 1 for measured properties.

(b) Concrete

The maximum moisture contents of the in situ concrete and precast concrete blocks, measured on the day of the test, were found to be 4.1% and 1.9% respectively. The characteristic strength of the in situ concrete was accepted as being 30 N/mm² and its density as 2400 kg/m³. The measured density of the precast concrete blocks was 1870 kg/m³.

A2.4.3 Load Calculations

A2.4.3.1 Locate PNA

The balance of yield strengths and areas reveals that the PNA is located in the lower flange of the UC section at a distance of 7.72 mm from the upper face.

A2.4.3.2 Assess M_p

Calculations involving the force, (material strength x element areas), multiplied by the lever arm about the PNA reveal that the plastic moment of resistance of the section is 398 kN m.

A2.4.3.3 Assess Applied Moment

(a)	UC Section and Plate dead load moment M _{ds}	= 3.189 kN m
(b)	Concrete Slab dead load moment Mdc	$= 6.78 \mathrm{kN} \mathrm{m}$
(c)	Sand fill dead load moment	= Not applicable

(d) Imposed live load moment

6 No. point loads arranged symmetrically about centre span

 M_{max} = 172.23 kN m Total Applied Moment = 182.2 kN m

A2.4.3.4 Assess Local Buckling Classification

(a) Flange outstand:

$$(b/2)/T = 127/14.2 = 8.9$$

8.9 < 9.2, ... Class 1

(b) Web (subject to compression throughout)

$$d/t_w = 200.2/8.6$$
 = 23.2
23.2 < 30.5, ... Class 1

(c) Therefore the section is Class 1 for local buckling

A2.4.3.5 Assess LTB Resistance Moment (BS5950: Pt. 1: 1990)

This calculation was based upon the assumption that the loading positions do not offer any lateral restraint to the compression flange of the beam:

$$M_b = 220 \text{ kN m}$$

A2.4.3.6 Load Ratios

(a) Assuming load points as positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.457

(b) Assuming load points do not provide positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.828

A2.5 TEST WFRC 51883: NON-COMPOSITE SLIM FLOOR BEAM

A2.5.1 Geometry

Figures 15 and 20 give relevant details.

A2.5.2 Material Properties

(a) Steel

The steel grade for both beam and plate was specified as Fe 430 A. See data sheet 103A in Appendix 1 for measured properties.

(b) Concrete

The maximum moisture contents of the in situ concrete and precast concrete blocks, measured on the day of the test, were found to be 4.0% and 3.2% respectively. The characteristic strength of the in situ concrete was accepted as being 30 N/mm² and its density as 2400 kg/m³. The measured density of the precast concrete blocks was $1920 \, \text{kg/m}^3$.

A2.5.3 Load Calculations

A2.5.3.1 Locate PNA

The balance of yield strengths and areas reveals that the PNA is located in the lower flange of the UC section at a distance of 0.975 mm from the upper face.

A2.5.3.2 Assess M_p

Calculations involving the force, (material strength x element areas), multiplied by the lever arm about the PNA reveal that the plastic moment of resistance of the section is 1722.7 kN m.

A2.5.3.3 Assess Applied Moment

(a) UC Section and Plate dead load moment M_{ds} = 8.88 kN m (b) Concrete Slab dead load moment M_{dc} = 5.82 kN m (c) Sand fill dead load moment = Not applicable

(d) Imposed live load moment

6 No. point loads arranged symmetrically about centre span

 M_{max} = 308.9 kN m Total Applied Moment = 323.6 kN m

A2.5.3.4 Assess Local Buckling Classification

(a) Flange outstand:

(b/2)/T = 160/43.7 = 3.66 3.66 < 9.2, : Class 1

(b) Web (subject to compression throughout)

 $d/t_w = 246.6/27.3 = 9.03$ $9.03 < 30.5, \therefore Class 1$

(c) Therefore the section is Class 1 for local buckling

A2.5.3.5 Assess LTB Resistance Moment (BS5950: Pt. 1: 1990)

This calculation was based upon the assumption that the loading positions do not offer any lateral restraint to the compression flange of the beam:

 $M_b = 1686.1 \text{ kN m}$

A2.5.3.6 Load Ratios

(a) Assuming load points as positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.188

(b) Assuming load points do not provide positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.192

A2.6 TEST WFRC 54278: NON-COMPOSITE SLIM FLOOR BEAM

A2.6.1 Geometry

Figures 21, 23 and 24 give relevant details.

A2.6.2 Material Properties

(a) Steel

The steel grade for both beam and plate was specified as Fe 510 B. See data sheet 104A in Appendix 1 for measured properties.

(b) Concrete

The maximum moisture contents of the in situ concrete and precast concrete blocks, measured on the day of the test, were found to be 3.9% and 2.5% respectively. The characteristic strength of the in situ concrete was accepted as being 30 N/mm² and its density as 2400 kg/m³. The measured density of the precast concrete blocks was 1890 kg/m3.

A2.6.3 Load Calculations

A2.6.3.1 Locate PNA

The balance of yield strengths and areas reveals that the PNA is located in the lower flange plate at a distance of 1.83 mm from the upper face.

A2.6.3.2 Assess Mn

Calculations involving the force, (material strength x element areas), multiplied by the lever arm about the PNA reveal that the plastic moment of resistance of the section is 150.3 kN m.

Assess Applied Moment A2.6.3.3

(a)	UC Section and Plate dead load moment M _{ds}	$= 1.8 \mathrm{kN} \mathrm{m}$
(b)	Concrete Slab dead load moment M _{dc}	$= 3.72 \mathrm{kN} \mathrm{m}$
(c)	Sand fill dead load moment	= Not applicable
(d)	Imposed live load moment	

6 No. point loads arranged symmetrically about centre span

= 59.78 kN mTotal Applied Moment = 65.3 kN m

A2.6.3.4 **Assess Local Buckling Classification**

Flange outstand: (a)

$$(b/2)/T = 76/9.1$$
 = 8.35
8.35 < 9.2, ... Class 1

(b) Web (subject to compression throughout)

$$d/t_w = 123.4/6.6$$
 = 18.69
18.69 < 30.5, ... Class 1

(c) Therefore the section is Class 1 for local buckling

A2.6.3.5 Assess LTB Resistance Moment (BS5950: Pt. 1: 1990)

This calculation was based upon the assumption that the loading positions do not offer any lateral restraint to the compression flange of the beam:

 M_h $= 80.1 \, kN \, m$

Load Ratios A2.6.3.6

Assuming load points as positions of lateral restraint: (a)

= 0.434

Assuming load points do not provide positions of lateral restraint: (b)

= 0.815R

A2.7 TEST WFRC 56867: NON-COMPOSITE DEEP METAL DECK SLIM FLOOR BEAM

A2.7.1 Geometry

Figures 26, 27, 28 and 34 give relevant details.

A2.7.2 Material Properties

(a) Steel

The steel grade for both beam and plate was specified as Fe 430 A. See data sheet 105A in Appendix 1 for measured properties.

(b) Concrete

The maximum moisture content of the concrete, measured on the day of the test, was found to be 4.3%. The characteristic strength of the concrete was accepted as being 30 N/mm² and its density as 2400 kg/m³.

A2.7.3 Load Calculations

A2.7.3.1 Locate PNA

The balance of yield strengths and areas reveals that the PNA is located in the lower flange of the UC section at a distance of 9 mm from the upper face.

A2.7.3.2 Assess M_D

Calculations involving the force, (material strength x element areas), multiplied by the lever arm about the PNA reveal that the plastic moment of resistance of the section is 358.3 kN m.

A2.7.3.3 Assess Applied Moment

(a)	UC Section and Plate dea	d load moment M _{ds}	= 3.146 kN m
(b)	Concrete Slab dead load i	noment M _{dc}	= 12.65 kN m
(c)	Sand fill dead load mome	nt	= Not applicable
(d)	Imposed live load momen	t	
	4 No. point loads arrange	d symmetrically about centre	span
		M _{max}	$= 168.76 \mathrm{kN} \mathrm{m}$
		Total Applied Moment	= 184.55 kN m

A2.7.3.4 Assess Local Buckling Classification

(a) Flange outstand:

$$(b/2)/T = 128/13.2 = 9.6$$

9.6 < 10.2, .: Class 2

(b) Web (subject to compression throughout)

$$d/t_w = 200.2/8.9$$
 = 22.5
22.5 < 30.5, : Class 1

(c) Therefore the section is Class 1 for local buckling

A2.7.3.5 Assess LTB Resistance Moment (BS5950: Pt. 1: 1990)

This calculation was based upon the assumption that the loading positions do not offer any lateral restraint to the compression flange of the beam:

 $M_b = 202 \text{ kN m}$

A2.7.3.6 Load Ratios

(a) Assuming load points as positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.52

(b) Assuming load points do not provide positions of lateral restraint:

R = 0.913

APPENDIX 3

PC DISK VERSION OF DATA

As mentioned in the Introduction to this report the data recorded during each of the eight fire tests are available on PC disks. The following section gives a brief outline of the material available and its format. The reader may find it useful to additionally consult reference 1.

The data are held on the disks in the form of ASCII text files. This format has been chosen since the majority of commercial software packages can import files of this type. The format allows the data to be referenced either via the screen, (or printer), or read directly by PC based software. The data are initially being made available on 3½ inch DSDD, 720 KB, floppy disks, but other disk sizes and formats can be supplied on request. The data files have been designated 'read only' in order to safeguard the user from accidentally corrupting or erasing them.

The data files are identified by reference to the DATA SHEET NUMBER sequence, i.e. from 099.DAT to 106.DAT inclusive. This numbering system is consistent with that introduced in reference 1. Thus, for example, data from test number WFRC 50521 can be found in data file 099.DAT. For each individual fire test the thermal data have been sub-divided into 'SETS' which reflect the thermocouple positions in the steelwork, and other materials. Mean temperature values are also included in these data sub-sets where it is considered valid to do so. In order that the columns of data in any particular 'SET' can be related to the corresponding thermocouple positions a 'README' file is associated with each data file. By way of example, README.099, which relates to data in file 099.DAT, is shown in Fig. A3.1.

It may be seen by reference to the data presented in Appendix 1 that there have been occasions when no temperature data were recorded. Such occurrences are indicated in the printed tables by the use of an asterisk. Since the use of such a character could cause problems if the software is expecting a numeric input, it has been replaced with the value zero in the disk held data files. It is obviously important for the user to ensure that any data have been read correctly by the particular software or program being used.

REFERENCE

1. D. E. Wainman: 'Compendia of UK Standard Fire Test Data - Unprotected Structural Steel Nos. 1 and 2, PC Disk Version', British Steel Technical, Report SL/HED/R/S2298/1/92/C.

TABLE A3.1 README FILE ASSOCIATED WITH DATA FILE 099.DAT

Data file 099.DAT contains data recorded during the standard fire resistance test number WFRC 50521 which is described in report number SL/HED/R/S2298/2/93/C "SUMMARY OF DATA OBTAINED DURING TESTS ON FLANGE PLATED SLIM FLOOR BEAMS" and should be used in conjunction with that document.

There are 60 items of data which, together with their mean values, are grouped in sets as shown below.

set number	ITEMS IN COLUMNS
SET001.DAT	TIME, F3, A17, B17, MEAN.
SET002.DAT	TIME, A16, B16, MEAN.
SET003.DAT	TIME, A15, B15, MEAN.
SET004.DAT	TIME, A14, B14, MEAN.
SET005.DAT	TIME, A13, B13, MEAN.
SET006.DAT	TIME, W1, W2, W3, W4, A12, B12, MEAN.
SET007.DAT	TIME, A11, B11, MEAN.
SET008.DAT	TIME, AlO, BlO, MEAN.
SET009.DAT	TIME, A9, B9, MEAN.
SET010.DAT	TIME, A8, B8, MEAN.
SET011.DAT	TIME, A7, B7, MEAN.
SET012.DAT	TIME, F1, F6, F7, MEAN.
SET013.DAT	TIME, A6, B6, MEAN.
SET014.DAT	TIME, A5, B5, MEAN.
SET015.DAT	TIME, A4, B4, MEAN.
SET016.DAT	TIME, P2, P4, P6, MEAN.
SET017.DAT	TIME, A3, B3, MEAN.
SET018.DAT	TIME, A2, B2, MEAN.
SET019.DAT	TIME, P1, P3, P5, MEAN.
SET020.DAT	TIME, Al, Bl, MEAN.
SET021.DAT	TIME, FW1.
SET022.DAT	TIME, ISO, AT1, AT2, AT3, AT4, AT5, AT6, AT7, AT8, MEAN
SET023.DAT	TIME, DEFLECTION, DEFLECTION RATE.